



Newcrest Briefing Book

September 2020

Disclaimer



Forward Looking Statements

This presentation includes forward looking statements. Forward looking statements can generally be identified by the use of words such as "may", "will", "expect", "intend", "plan", "estimate", "anticipate", "continue", "outlook" and "guidance", or other similar words and may include, without limitation, statements regarding plans, strategies and objectives of management, anticipated production or construction commencement dates and expected costs or production outputs. Newcrest continues to distinguish between outlook and guidance. Guidance statements relate to the current financial year. Outlook statements relate to years subsequent to the current financial year. Forward looking statements inherently involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause Newcrest's actual results, performance and achievements to differ materially from statements in this Presentation. Relevant factors may include, but are not limited to, changes in commodity prices, foreign exchange fluctuations and general economic conditions, increased costs and demand for production inputs, the speculative nature of exploration and project development, including the risks of obtaining necessary licences and permits and diminishing quantities or grades of reserves, political and social risks, changes to the regulatory framework within which Newcrest operates or may in the future operate, environmental conditions including extreme weather conditions, recruitment and retention of personnel, industrial relations issues and litigation. Forward looking statements are based on Newcrest's good faith assumptions as to the financial, market, regulatory and other relevant environments that will exist and affect Newcrest's business and operations in the future. Newcrest does not give any assurance that the assumptions will prove to be correct. There may be other factors that could cause actual results or events not to be as anticipated, and many events are beyond the reasonable control of Newcrest. Readers are cautioned not to p

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Newcrest results are reported under International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). This presentation includes non-IFRS information under ASIC Regulatory Guide 230: 'Disclosing non-IFRS financial information' published by ASIC and also 'non-GAAP financial measures' within the meaning of Regulation G under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are not recognised under AAS and IFRS. Such information includes All-In Sustaining Cost (determined in accordance with the updated World Gold Council Guidance Note on Non-GAAP Metrics which was released in November 2018), Leverage (net debt divided by EBITDA for the preceding 12 months), EBITDA (earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation and significant items), Net Debt (total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents), Gearing Ratio (total debt divided by total debt and equity), AISC Margin (realised gold price less AISC per ounce sold (where expressed as USD), or realised gold price less AISC per ounce sold divided by realised gold price (where expressed as a %), Interest Coverage Ratio (EBITDA/Interest payable for the relevant period), Free cash flow (cash flow from operating activities less cash flow related to investing activities), EBITDA margin (EBITDA expressed as a percentage of revenue) and EBIT margin (EBIT expressed as a percentage of revenue). These measures are used internally by Newcrest management to assess the performance of the business and make decisions on the allocation of resources and are included in this Presentation to provide greater understanding of the underlying performance of Newcrest's operations. The non-IFRS information has not been subject to audit or review by Newcrest's external auditor and should be used in addition to IFRS information.

Such non-IFRS financial information/non-GAAP financial measures do not have a standardised meaning prescribed by AAS or IFRS. Therefore, the non-IFRS financial information may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other entities and should not be construed as an alternative to other financial measures determined in accordance with AAS or IFRS. Although Newcrest believes these non-IFRS financial measures provide useful information to investors in measuring the financial performance and condition of its business, investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any non-IFRS financial information/non-GAAP financial measures included in this Presentation. Certain figures, amounts, percentages, estimates, calculations of value and fractions provided in this Presentation are subject to the effect of rounding. Accordingly, the actual calculation of these figures may differ from the figures set out in this Presentation.

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The views expressed in this Presentation contain information that has been derived from sources that have not been independently verified. No representation or warranty is made as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of the information. This Presentation should not be relied upon as a recommendation or forecast by Newcrest.

Disclaimer



Competent Person's Statement

The information in this presentation that relates to Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves (other than Red Chris and Havieron) has been extracted from the release titled "Annual Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Statement – 31 December 2019" dated 13 February 2020 (the original release). Newcrest confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original release and, in the case of Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original release continue to apply and have not materially changed. Newcrest confirms that the form and context in which the competent person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original release.

The information in this presentation that relates to Exploration Results at Havieron and Red Chris have been extracted from the release titled "Exploration Update" dated 10 September 2020. Newcrest confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original release. Newcrest confirms that the form and context in which the competent person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original release.

Red Chris foreign estimates

The estimates of Mineral Resources for the Red Chris deposit are qualifying foreign estimates under the ASX Listing Rules reported in accordance with the National Instrument 43-101 (NI 43-101) by Imperial Metals and filed on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) on 30 September 2015. These qualifying foreign estimates were re-stated by Imperial Metals in their July 2017 Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve statement (www.imperialmetals.com) but have not been updated since 30 September 2015, and have not been depleted for production to date. The supporting information required by ASX Listing Rule 5.12 was contained in the release titled "Presentation re Newcrest's agreement to acquire potential Tier 1 orebody in Canada" dated 11 March 2019 (original Red Chris release). Newcrest confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data relating to the Red Chris qualifying foreign estimates that materially impacts on the reliability of the estimates or Newcrest's ability to verify such foreign estimates following completion as mineral resources in accordance with Appendix 5A of the ASX Listing Rules. The supporting information provided in the original Red Chris release referred to in ASX Listing Rule 5.12 continues to apply and has not materially changed.

Cautionary statement

The estimates of Mineral Resources for the Red Chris deposit are qualifying foreign estimates under the ASX Listing Rules and are not reported in accordance with the JORC Code. Competent persons have not done sufficient work to classify the qualifying foreign estimates as Mineral Resources in accordance with the JORC Code. It is uncertain, that following evaluation and further exploration, the foreign estimates will be able to be reported as Mineral Resources in accordance with the JORC code.

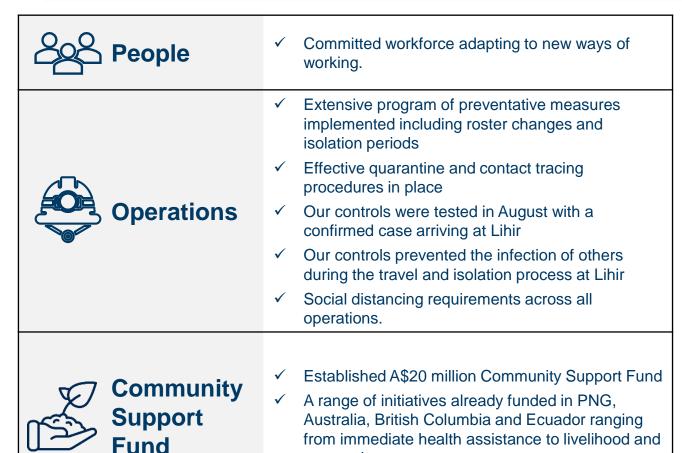
Limitation on information relating to Fruta del Norte

All information in this Presentation in relation to Fruta del Norte – including in relation to production, mineral resources and mineral reserves, life of mine plans— has been sourced from the "Fruta del Norte Project, Ecuador, National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report on Feasibility Study" dated 30 April 2016 and filed by Lundin Gold on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 as required by Canadian securities regulatory authorities, subsequently updated by Lundin Gold in their news release dated 19 September 2018 and 9 January 2020 and available on the Lundin Gold website (www.lundingold.com). Newcrest has conducted due diligence in relation to Fruta del Norte, but has not independently verified all such information, and, to the extent permitted by law, no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to its fairness, accuracy, correctness, completeness or adequacy of any information relating to Fruta del Norte. Receipt of additional or updated information may change the production targets and other forward-looking statements concerning Fruta del Norte in this Presentation. Please note that Lundin Gold Inc may have a different interpretation of the underlying data and release differing production targets and other information to the market.

COVID-19 Update







economic recovery.



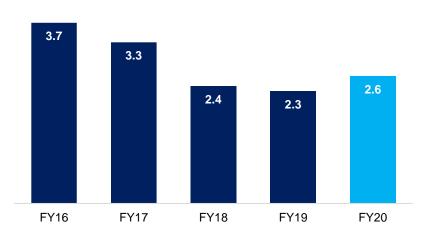


Newcrest funded PPE packages on-route to PNG's frontline health workers

Safety update



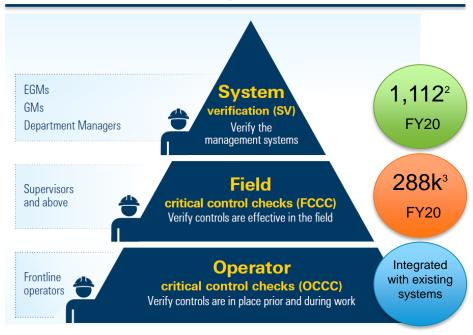
FY16 - FY20 TRIFR¹



Safety Transformation

- Red Chris injury rates are much higher than the Newcrest average which is driving the higher FY20 TRIFR
- Excluding Red Chris, Newcrest's TRIFR for FY20 is 2.0
- 5 years fatality free, zero life changing injuries
- Newcrest Safety Transformation Plan implementation commenced at Red Chris

Critical Control Management Verifications



Process Safety

- Site based process safety plans developed
- Improved Management of Change process
- Improved investigation of major incidents

Sustainability



High international and industry performance standards





- Must be independently assured annually against the 10 Principles and position statements
- Participation in the development of the Global Tailings Standard (released 5 August 2020)





Minerals Council of Australia members – Enduring Value Framework aligned to ICMM World Gold Council members – Responsible Gold Mining Principles









- ✓ Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative participating member
- ✓ UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights aligned/committed
- √ Voluntary Principles on Security and Human Rights aligned/committed
- ✓ International Cyanide Management Code participating member

Annual ESG assessment & ratings













Dow Jones Sustainability Index – Newcrest in the top quartile of Metals and Mining sub-sector, with a 10 point raw score increase in 2019

Sustainability – Key policies and targets





Sustainability

Aspire to be an industry leader



Water Stewardship

Catchment-based assessments



No net loss of biodiversity values for new projects



Climate Change

Applying phased approach to TCFD reporting





Emissions Intensity

30% lower by 2030



Carbon Price

\$25/t-\$50/t in investment decisions & planning

During FY20, Newcrest released new policies on Climate Change, Biodiversity and Water Stewardship. Additionally, and in alignment to ICMM
requirements, Newcrest developed Biodiversity Action Plans and conducted catchment based water risk assessments for each site (excluding Red Chris
which will be progressed in conjunction with integration activities)

Climate Change, Shadow Carbon Price, TCFD





Climate Change Policy and 2030 emissions target

- Sustainability is core to our business
- A sustainable business is a successful business
- Target of 30% reduction in emissions intensity by 2030 (from 2018).
 Based on CO₂-e per tonne of ore treated.



Shadow carbon price in capital/investment decisions

- Sensitivity analysis for investment decision making & planning
- Apply carbon price in range \$25/t to \$50/t CO₂-e
- For regions with no carbon price emissions scheme



Task force on climate-related financial disclosures (TCFD)

- We are a supporter of TCFD
- ~800 global firms are supporters
- Newcrest to progressively report on TCFD via Sustainability Report

Investment Proposition





Long reserve life



Low cost production



Do what we say



Organic growth options (at Cadia, Lihir, Wafi-Golpu, Red Chris & Havieron)



Strong exploration & technical capabilities

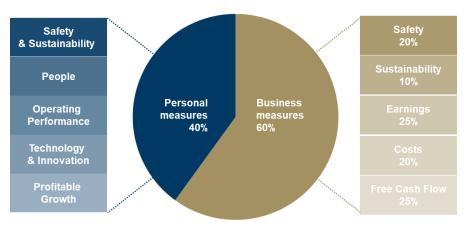


Financially robust

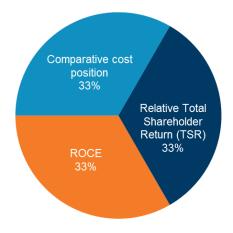
An aligned executive remuneration structure



Short Term Incentive Criteria¹

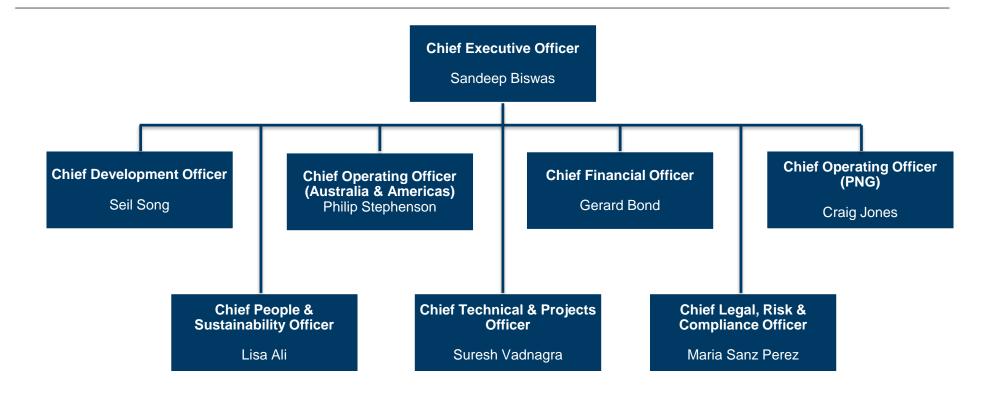


Long Term Incentive Criteria



Preparing for the next phase of growth





- Balancing stability of senior leadership with renewal
- Aligning responsibilities and clarifying accountabilities





Cadia (100%)

FY20 Production: 843koz Au, 96kt Cu

FY20 AISC: \$160/oz

Ore Reserves: 21moz Au & 4.3mt Cu Mineral Resources: 37moz Au & 8.2mt Cu

Copper/gold Product:

concentrate, gold doré



Lihir (100%)

FY20 Production: 776koz Au FY20 AISC: \$1.206/oz Ore Reserves: 23moz Au Mineral Resources: 49moz Au Product: Gold doré



Telfer (100%)

FY20 Production: 393koz Au, 16kt Cu

FY20 AISC: \$1,281/oz

Ore Reserves: 1.4moz Au & 0.18mt Cu Mineral Resources: 5.4moz Au & 0.54mt Cu

Product: Copper/gold concentrate and gold doré



Red Chris JV (70%)

FY20 Production: 39koz Au, 25kt Cu

FY20 AISC: \$1,703/oz

Copper/gold concentrate Product:



Wafi Golpu (50%)

Development project for which a Special Mining Lease application has been made

Ore Reserves: 5.5moz Au & 2.5mt Cu Mineral Resources: 13moz Au & 4.4mt Cu

Product: Copper/gold concentrate, gold doré



Fruta del Norte (32%)

Commercial production declared in Feb-2020

FY20 Production: 16koz

Gold/silver concentrate and Gold and Product:

silver doré

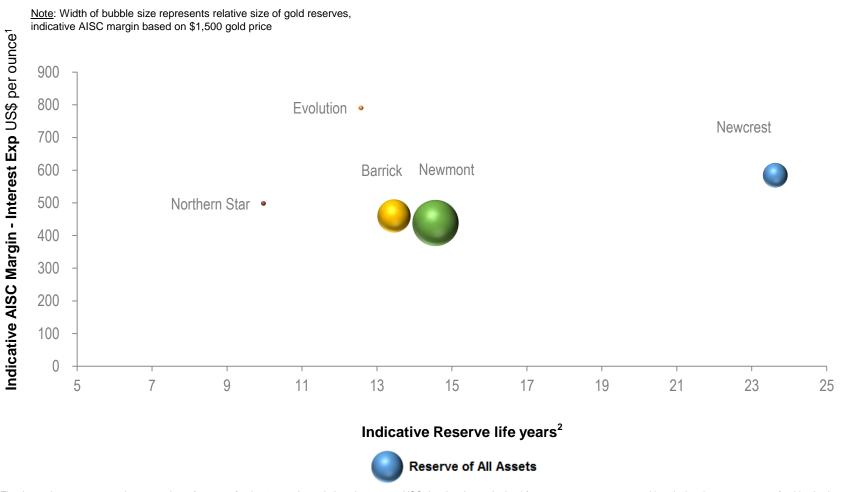




All data relating to operations is shown at 100%, with the exception of Red Chris which is shown at 70%, Wafi-Golpu which is shown at 50% and Fruta del Norte shown at 32%.

Newcrest retains long reserve life advantage



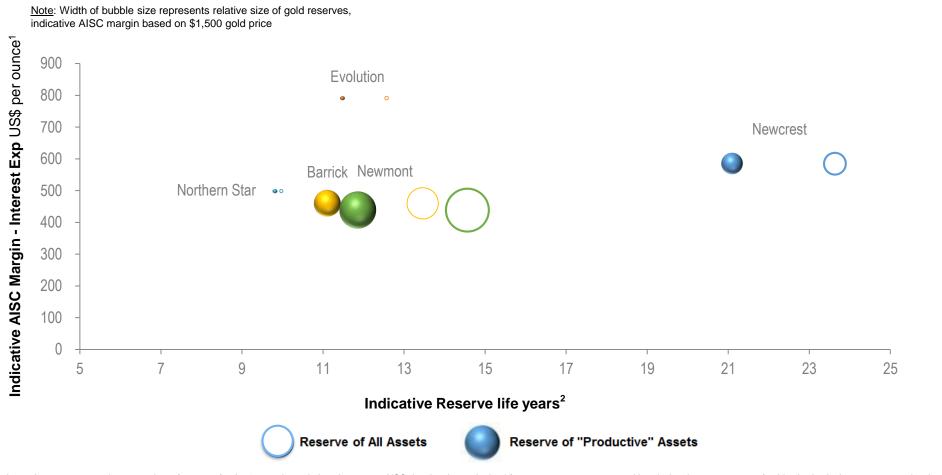


The data points represent each company's performance for the 12 months ended 30 June 2020. AISC data has been obtained from company statements and is calculated on a per ounce of gold sales basis. Interest expense has been obtained from company statements (or attributable gold equivalent ounces when only that is available, where by-product reserves have been converted to gold equivalent at spot market prices).

Reserves reflect proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2019 obtained from company statements. Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 June 2020. The reserve life calculation does not take into account future gold production rates. Proven and probable gold reserve numbers and relevant production numbers have been adjusted to reflect announced divestments and acquisitions. Red Chris Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves have been excluded as estimates of Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources for the Red Chris deposit are qualifying foreign estimates under the ASX Listing Rules and are not reported in accordance with the JORC Code.

Newcrest retains long reserve life advantage





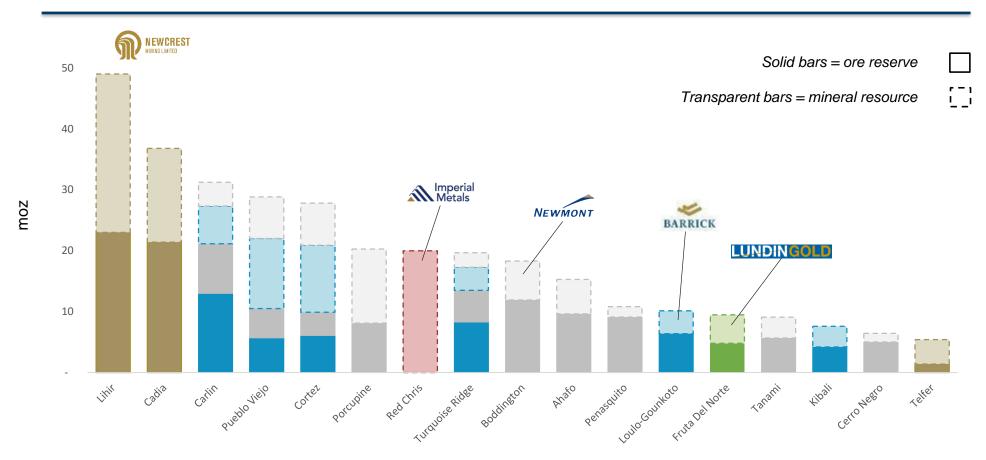
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Lihir and Cadia are in a class of their own



Resource & Reserve base of global majors' operating assets (moz)^{1,2}



Based on producing assets held by Barrick, Newmont and Newcrest with an attributable reserve >4moz (with Telfer, Red Chris and Fruta del Norte included for illustration). Fruta del Norte reached commercial production in February 2020 and has been provided as a comparison and presented on a 100% basis. Red Chris is shown on a 100% basis. Source: Company reports as at 21 February 2020. Reserves reflect proven and probable gold ore reserves (contained metal) and Resources represent measured, indicated and inferred gold mineral resources (contained metal) as at 31 December 2019 (other than Lundin Gold which is at 19 September 2018).

With respect to Red Chris, the information on this slide relates to the Mineral Resource estimates of Imperial Metals and is based on the "National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report" dated 30 September 2015 and filed by Imperial Metals on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 as required by Canadian securities regulatory authorities. The estimates of the Imperial Mineral Resources contain Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources of 1.0Bt at 0.35 g/t Au and 0.35% Cu for 12Moz contained gold and 8.0Blb contained copper and Inferred Mineral Resources of 0.7Bt at 0.32 g/t Au and 0.29% Cu for 8.1Moz contained gold and 5.0Blb contained copper (Data reported to two significant figures and this may cause discrepancies in totals). See also Red Chris foreign estimates in the disclaimers of this presentation.

Strong total shareholder returns



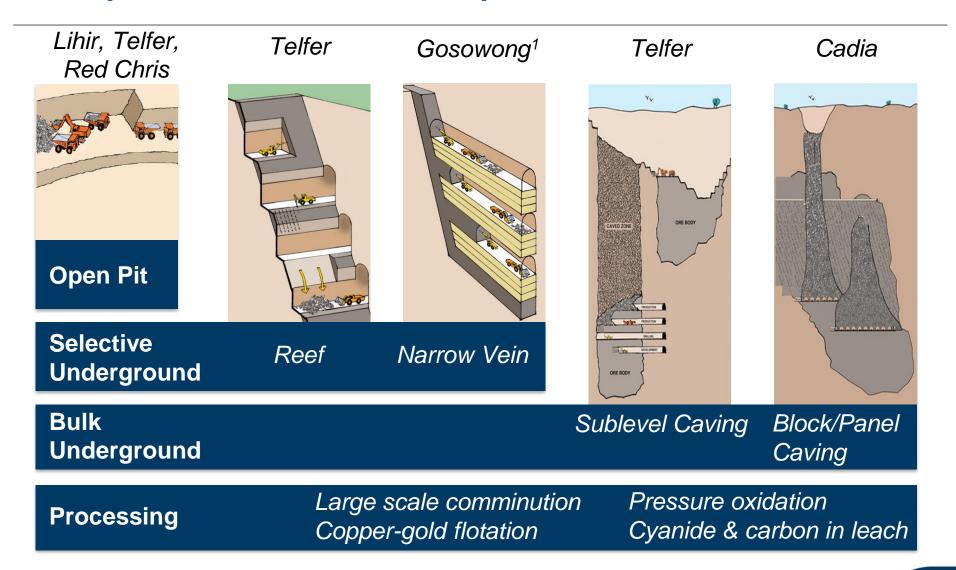
Total Shareholder Return – 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2020 (%)¹



¹ Source: Bloomberg. Data based on close of trade on 1 July 2015 to close of trade on 30 June 2020. All figures in USD other than S&P/TSX Global Gold Index (CAD) and Newcrest AUD.

A unique suite of technical capabilities





Value breakthrough strategies

targeting five breakthroughs by end of calendar 2020

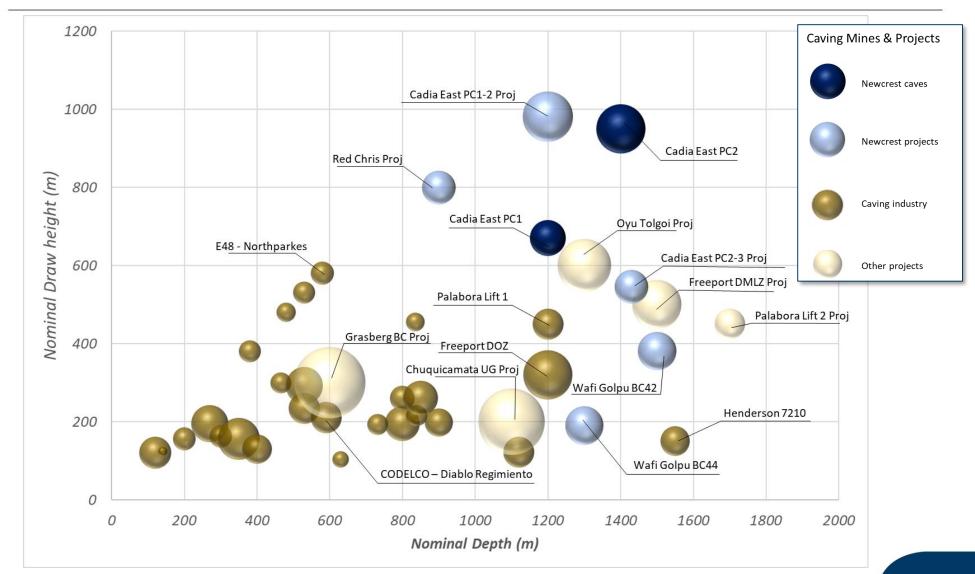


	Breakthrough Levers	Operating	Adopting now		Evaluating		Dev	Developing future	
	Next Gen Caving	High draw, deep caving	Cave proce		ngle pass caving	Remote productio		est caving eaching	
	Next Gen HydroMet	Selective oxidation	Low cost		p-product streams	New meta chemistric		n place eaching	
	Selective Processing	Coarse flotation	Screening sorting		ss sensing sorting	Ultra low energy grinding	nr	In mine ocessing	
	Robotic Mining	In mine sensing	Robotic mining		echanical cavation	Intelligen selective mining	Kea	I time M2M timisation	
	Sustainable Mines	Energy efficiencies	Renewabl energy grov		o-friendly emistries	Geo-stable tails co-		line void use	
TRL	9 8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
Technology Readiness Levels Ref NASA & EU	Extend Build Optimis	Field Demo	Scale Testing	Prototype	Component Testing	Proof of Concept	Formulate Concept	Principles / Needs	



High draw, deep caving expertise





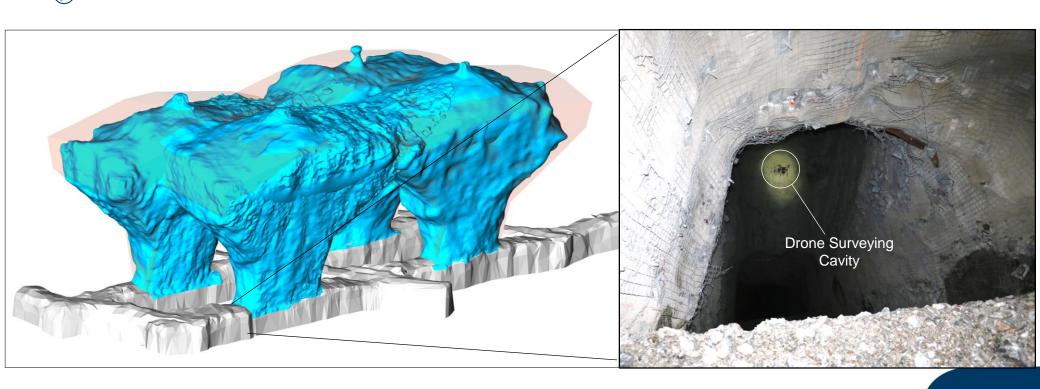


Undercutless trial completed at Telfer



Key objectives of the Undercutless Block Cave Trial were met:

- Design height functionally verified
- Connection between the four Undercutless drawbells achieved
- The trial was completed successfully and will continue at Cadia in FY21.





New technology enabling safer & productive mining of Lihir's hot ground zones



✓ New electronic detonator and bulk explosive products tested to 150°C and high reactivity

Development of a full suite of mining robotics solutions to deliver safer & more productive mining in Lihir's hot ground zones – 'Nil on Foot'

γ 'Nil on Foot' includes blast hole measurement, geological sampling, explosive priming & charging

of blast holes



High temperature detonator systems





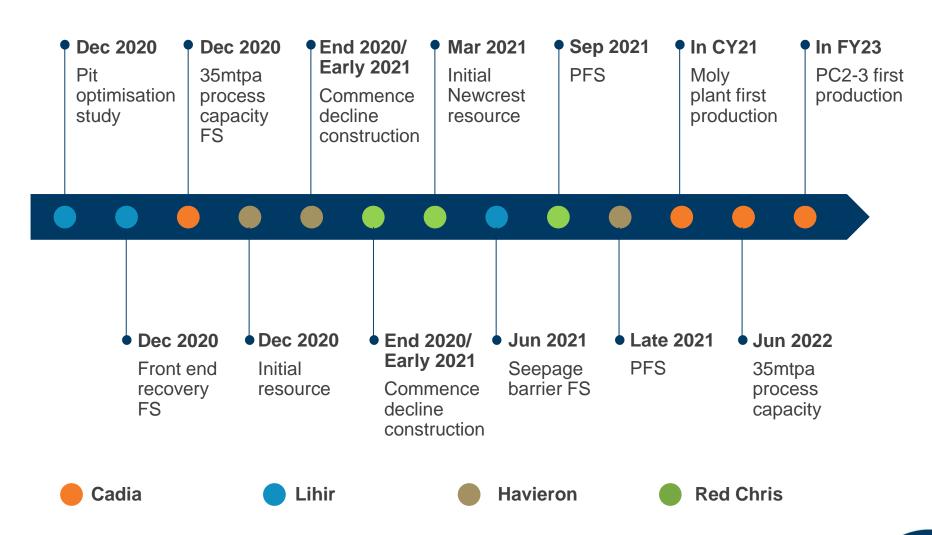




Robotic explosive placement

Targets for delivering profitable growth





^{1.} All items are subject to market and operating conditions, appropriate regulatory approvals (where relevant) and potential delays due to COVID-19 impacts

^{2.} PFS = prefeasibility study, FS = feasibility study

Cadia – Strong cash flow





Site Process

<u>Element</u>	<u>Description</u>
Mining	Panel Cave mining from Cadia East (Panel Cave 1 and 2), with underground crushing an conveyor to surface
Processing	High pressure grinding rolls, SAG mills, ball mills, flotation, coarse ore flotation and gravit concentration
Output	Principally copper/gold concentrate, gold doré

Key Statistics

Gold Reserve Life:	~26 yea
Gold Ore Reserves:	21moz
Gold Mineral Resources:	37moz
Copper Ore Reserves:	4.3mt
Copper Mineral Resources:	8.2mt
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FY21 Prod. Guidance²: 680-760koz Au,

95-105kt Cu

rs

FY20 Production: 843koz, 96kt Cu

FY20 AISC: \$160/oz Permitted Processing: 32mtpa

Workforce (FTE)³: ~930 employees

~485 contractors

Production (koz)

All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)

Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁴







- Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2019 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 June 2020. The reserve life calculation does not take into account future gold production rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. For Cadia Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources refer to slides 63 to 67.
- Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions.
- At 30 June 2020. Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors
- Free cash flow is before interest, tax and intercompany transactions.

Cadia Expansion Project^{1,2}



Stage 1 (in Execution)

AUD/USD 0.75.

- Estimated capital cost \$685m
 - PC2-3 mine development
 - materials handling system upgrades
 - associated infrastructure
 - initial works to increase plant capacity to 33mtpa
- PC2-3 mine targeting first production in FY23

Stage 2 (in Feasibility Study)

- Estimated capital cost \$180m
 - further plant expansion to 35mtpa
 - · recovery improvements
 - study finalisation expected end of CY20
 - targeting completion in late FY22



Stage 1 of the Cadia Expansion Feasibility Study has been prepared with the objective that its findings are subject to an accuracy range of ±15%. Stage 2 has been completed to a Pre-Feasibility Study level with its findings at an accuracy range of ±25%. The findings in the Study and the implementation of the Cadia Expansion Project are subject to all necessary approvals, permits, internal and regulatory requirements and further works. The estimates are indicative only and are subject to market and operating conditions. They should not be construed as guidance.

As Cadia is an AUD functional currency operation, the Studies have been assessed in AUD and the outcomes in this presentation have been converted to USD using an exchange rate of

Cadia Expansion Stage 1 FS Findings^{1,2}

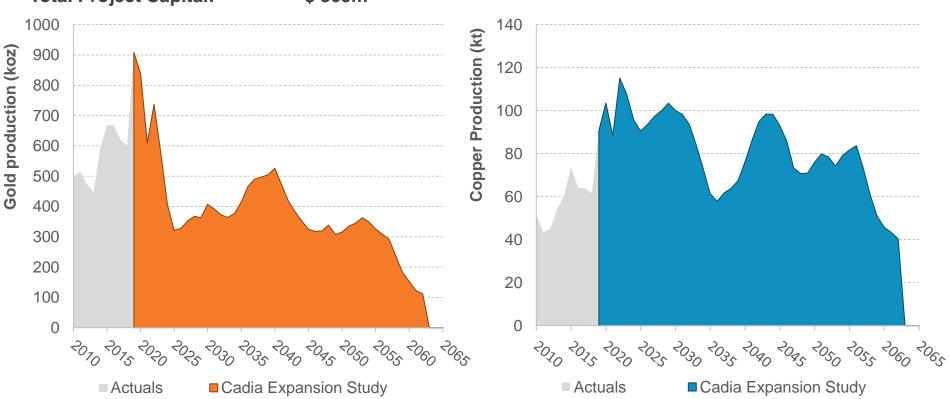
Cadia - uniquely long life



Expected results from implementation of Stage 1 and Stage 2

PC2-3 Capital (stage 1): \$ 595m Expansion to 33mtpa (stage 1): \$ 90m Expansion to 35mtpa (stage 2): \$ 180m Total Project Capital: \$ 865m IRR: 21.5% Payback (years): 7.6

NPV: \$1,170m

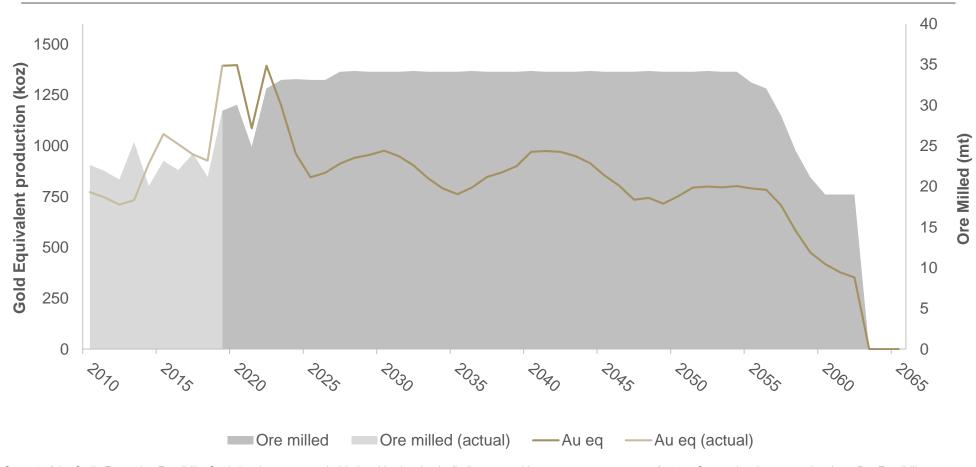


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The production target underpinning the forecast financial information is contained in the graphs on this slide and is based on utilisation of 100% of the Cadia East Ore Reserves. Refer to slides 65-67 for the Cadia East Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 but note that such figures are subject to depletions for the period from 1 January 2020.

Estimated Cadia Gold Equivalent production 1,2,3





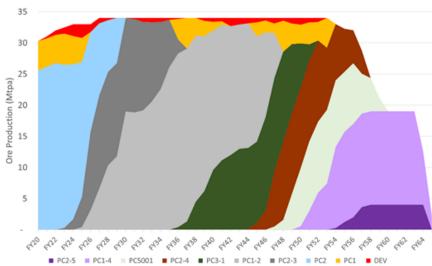
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The production target underpinning the forecast financial information is contained in the graphs on slide 24 and is based on utilisation of 100% of the Cadia East Ore Reserves. Refer to slides 65-67 for the Cadia East Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 but note that such figures are subject to depletions for the period from 1 January 2020.

Cadia's indicative cave production schedule 1,2,3



Panel Cave	Start Construction	First production	Ore (mt)	
PC2-3 (approved to execution)	FY19	FY23	142	
PC1-2	FY22	FY25	408	
PC3-1	FY33	FY36	149	
PC2-4	FY42	FY44	113	
PC5001	FY44	FY47	96	
PC1-4	FY48	FY50	175	
PC2-5	FY51	FY54	35	



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Processing volumes are expected to progressively ramp up to be in the range of 33-35mtpa, subject to ore presentation from the mine which will vary over time according to draw rates, cave maturity and cave interaction as further caves are developed. For financial evaluation purposes, the projected mine and processing volumes post completion of the expansion are shown at the midpoint of this 33-35mtpa range.

Cadia Expansion Project - Indicative mine plan 1,2,3,4



Timing (Years)	Total material movement (mt)	Plant Feed (mt)	Average Gold grade (g/t)	Average Copper grade (%)		
FY21 - 23	~95	~91	0.8	0.4		
FY24 - 26	~99	~99	0.4	0.3		
FY27 - 29	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY30 - 32	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY33 - 35	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY36 - 38	~102	~102	0.5	0.2		
FY39 - 41	~102	~102	0.6	0.3		
FY42 - 44	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY45 - 47	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY48 - 50	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY51 - 53	~102	~102	0.4	0.3		
FY54+	Remaining Ore Reserves if any, subject to ongoing study					

Stage 1 of the Cadia Expansion Feasibility Study has been prepared with the objective that its findings are subject to an accuracy range of ±15%. Stage 2 has been completed to a Pre-Feasibility Study level with its findings at an accuracy range of ±25%. The findings in the Study and the implementation of the Cadia Expansion Project are subject to all necessary approvals, permits, internal and regulatory requirements and further works. The estimates are indicative only and are subject to market and operating conditions. They should not be construed as guidance.

The production target underpinning the forecast financial information is contained in the graphs on slide 24 and is based on utilisation of 100% of the Cadia East Ore Reserves. Refer to slides 65-67 for the Cadia East Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 but note that such figures are subject to depletions for the period from 1 January 2020.

Based on the Company's knowledge and good faith assumptions as at the date of release of this presentation. The indicative mine plan will be updated on an annual basis, or sooner if there are significant changes in the underlying assumptions.

⁴ Indicative estimates are provided on a Base Case basis. Further optionality and potential upside exists in relation to the operation, with there being a number of projects and studies in progress to pursue these.

Cadia Life of Mine recovery improvement^{1,2}



Expected LOM gold recovery rates of around 80% and copper recovery rates of around 85%

Stage 2 Feasibility Study – Estimated capital of \$180m

The Study will investigate:

Concentrator 1

additional coarse ore flotation capacity

Concentrator 2

- replacing secondary and tertiary cone crushers
- new Vertimills
- upgrades to pumps, hoppers, pipes and thickeners
- installation of a large Jameson Cell

Study completion expected end of CY20

As Cadia is an AUD functional currency operation, the Studies have been assessed in AUD and the outcomes in this presentation have been converted to USD using an exchange rate of AUD/USD 0.75.

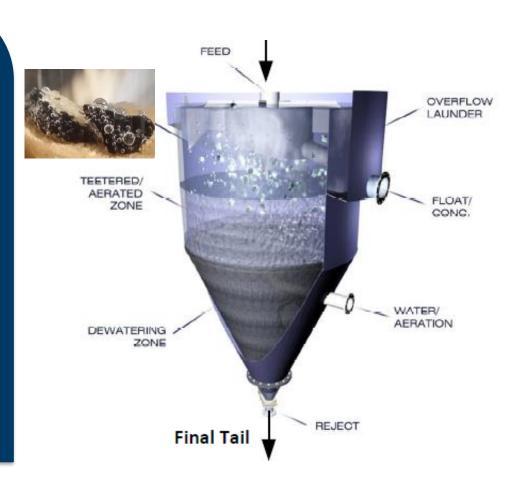


Stage 1 of the Cadia Expansion Feasibility Study has been prepared with the objective that its findings are subject to an accuracy range of ±15%. Stage 2 has been completed to a Pre-Feasibility Study level with its findings at an accuracy. range of ±25%. The findings in the Study and the implementation of the Cadia Expansion Project are subject to all necessary approvals, permits, internal and regulatory requirements and further works. The estimates are indicative only and are subject to market and operating conditions. They should not be construed as guidance.





- Coarse Ore Flotation is an aerated fluidized-bed separator that has demonstrated increased recovery of coarse particles compared to conventional flotation
- Currently installed on Train 3 (T3) of the Concentrator 1 (C1) flotation circuit at Cadia (~9mtpa) recovering gold and copper previously lost to tailings in coarse composite particles (150 µm)
- The T3 installation has delivered higher recoveries at substantially coarser grinds, contributing to record output at Cadia in FY20
- Cadia expansion project extends the T3 Coarse Ore Flotation application to treat the full C1 tailings stream







Feasibility Study completed:

- Design of a molybdenum separation plant expected to generate ~6,500tpa of 52% molybdenum concentrate with a 92% recovery
- Shipping and logistics parameters confirmed
- Full load Commissioning expected to be completed in FY22^{1.}

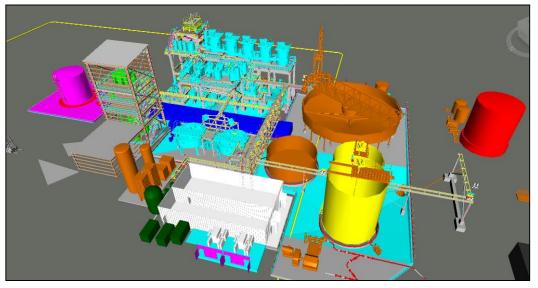
FS Key Findings 1,2,3

IRR: 14.5% Capital cost: ~\$95m

First production: CY 2021

Estimated By-product credit: around \$50/oz

Indicative Plant Layout



Subject to market and operating conditions.

Estimates were prepared to a Feasibility Study level with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±15%. Production average is indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. The production target underpinning the forecast financial information is contained in the graphs on slide 24 and is based on utilisation of 100% of the Cadia East Ore Reserves. Refer to slides 65-67 for the Cadia East Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 but note that such figures are subject to depletions for the period from 1 January 2020. Molybdenum Reserve represents the probable reserve from the date of first molybdenum concentrate production which is anticipated to be 1 July 2021.

Block caving fundamentals



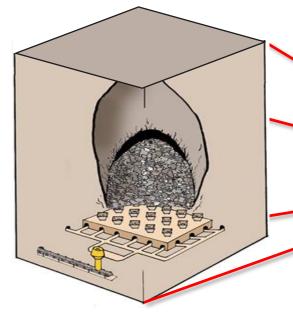


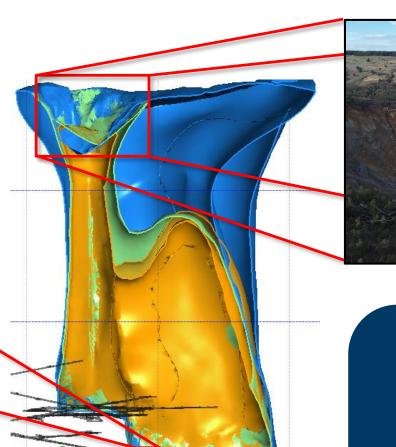
~1,200 metres deep,
 114 drawbells

Cadia Panel Cave 2

 ~1,400 metres deep, 165 drawbells

Caving levels





Subsidence zone





Lihir – Improvement plan underway





Site Process

Element Description

Mining Open pit drill, blast, load

and haul mining, currently in Phases 14 & 15 in Lienitz.

Substantial stockpiles

Processing Crushing, grinding, flotation,

pressure oxidation, NCA

circuit

Output Gold doré

Key Statistics

Gold Reserve Life: ~29 years

Gold Ore Reserves: 23moz
Gold Mineral Resources: 49moz

FY21 Prod. Guidance²: 720-820koz Au

FY20 Production: 776koz FY20 AISC: \$1,206/oz

Workforce (FTE)³: ~2,300 employees

~3,100 contractors

Production (koz)

FY17

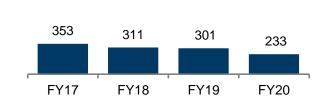
940 955 933 776

FY18

All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)



Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁴



¹ Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2019 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 June 2020. The reserve life calculation does not take into account future gold production rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Full gold mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 63 to 67.

FY19

FY20

² Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions.

At 30 June 2020. Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors.

Free cash flow is before interest, tax and intercompany transactions.

Lihir's increased throughput lowers AISC per oz



12mtpa By December 2015

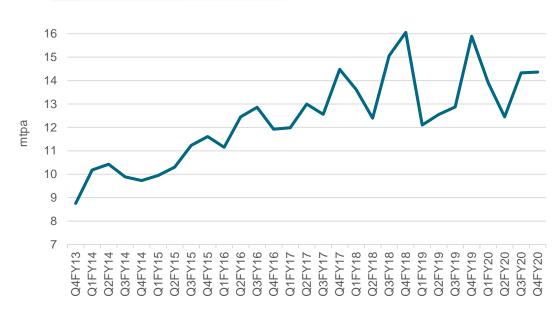
13mtpa By December 2016

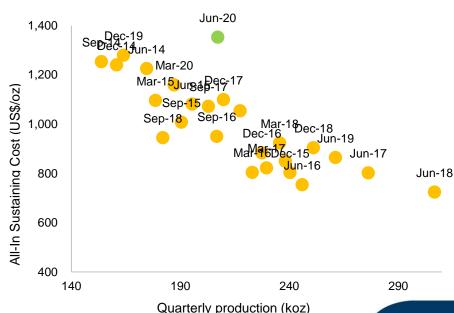
14mtpa By December 2017

15mtpa By end June 2019

- Achieved with 12.4mtpa in December 2015 quarter
- Achieved with 13mtpa in December 2016 quarter
- × Achieved with 15mtpa in March 2018 quarter
- Achieved with 16mtpa in June 2019 quarter

Lihir mill throughput (quarterly data annualised) AISC falls in line with increased production





Lihir - Indicative mine plan^{1,2,3,4,5}



Timing (Years)	Sources	Total Material Moved (Mt) ²	Waste (Mt)	Tonnes to Stockpiles (Mt)	Ex-pit Tonnes Fed (Mt)	Stockpile Tonnes Fed (Mt)	Plant Feed (Mt) ³	Average Feed Grade (g/t)
FY21-23	Lienetz, medium/low grade stockpiles and pre-strip	170 – 190	80 – 100	10 – 20	10 – 20	20 – 30	40 – 50	2.3 – 2.4
FY24-26	Lienetz, Kapit, medium/low grade stockpiles and pre-strip	180 – 200	100 – 120	5 – 35	10 – 30	15 – 35	40 – 50	2.2 – 2.8
FY27-29	Lienetz, Kapit, low grade stockpiles and pre-strip	170 – 190	80 – 100	10 – 20	25 – 35	10 – 20	40 – 50	2.9 – 3.0
FY30-32	Lienetz, Kapit and low grade stockpiles	140 – 160	50 – 80	5 – 25	35 – 45	0 – 10	40 – 50	2.4 – 3.0
FY33-35	Lienetz, Kapit, Minifie and low grade stockpiles	110 – 160	40 – 80	0 – 10	25 – 45	0 – 25	40 – 50	2.1 – 2.2
FY36-38	Minifie and low grade stockpiles	40 – 130	0 – 50	0 – 10	0 – 30	15 – 50	40 – 50	1.4 – 2.0
FY39-41	Minifie and low grade stockpiles	30 – 60	0 – 10	0 – 10	0 – 10	20 – 35	25 – 35	1.1 – 1.3
FY41+	Remaining Ore Reserves if any, subject to ongoing study							

¹ Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Subject to market and operating conditions, regulatory and landowner approvals and further study. See slide 65 for details as to the Ore Reserves that underpin the indicative mine plan subject to depletions for the period from 1 January 2020.

² Includes sheeting material and crusher rehandle.

³ Plant feed = Ex-pit + Stockpile feed.

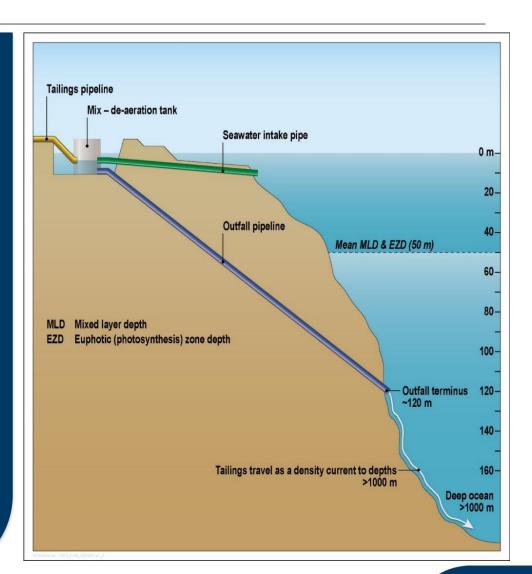
⁴ Based on the Company's knowledge and good faith assumptions as at the date of release of this presentation. The indicative mine plan will be updated on an annual basis, or sooner if there are significant changes in the underlying assumptions.

Indicative estimates are provided on a Base Case basis. Further optionality and potential upside exists in relation to the operation, with there being a number of projects and studies in progress to pursue these.

Lihir Deep Sea Tailings Placement



- Rigorous baseline studies prior to approval
- DSTP approved as the preferred tailings
 management option from an environmental and
 social point of view for Lihir which has limited
 space for terrestrial tailings storage and is a
 seismically active region
- Government approved Environmental
 Management and Monitoring Plan (EMMP)
 monitors DSTP across multiple parameters on a
 regular frequency specific to the type of monitoring,
 ranging from daily to monthly to annually
- Lihir Environmental Management System certified to ISO14001:2015
- Detailed seabed and tailings footprint surveys every five years as per EMMP requirements
- Periodic specialist technical reviews to assess
 DSTP system functioning as designed and develop ongoing research projects



Lihir DSTP monitoring



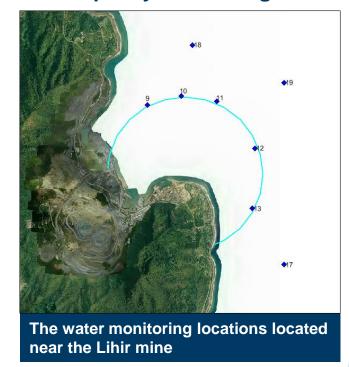
No significant operational, compliance, environmental or social issues related to the operation of the DSTP system since Newcrest's acquisition of Lihir in 2010.

~20 years of operation & scientific monitoring in accordance with the comprehensive Environmental Management and Monitoring Plan confirms DSTP remains the most appropriate method of tailings management for Lihir.

DSTP surveys conducted every five years monitor:

- Seabed bathymetry
- Ocean water quality
- Seabed physio-chemical characterisation
- Abundance of deep sea marine fauna.

Water quality monitoring locations





Telfer – Seeking to maximise value



Site Process

ElementDescriptionMiningOpen pit mining contracted to MacmahonUnderground sub-level cave and stope mining contracted to ByrnecutProcessingCrushing, grinding, gravity concentration, flotation, leaching circuit, dump leachOutputCopper/gold concentrate and gold doré

Key Statistics

FY20 Production:

Gold Reserve Life:	~4 years
Gold Ore Reserves:	1.4moz
Gold Mineral Resources:	5.4moz
Copper Ore Reserves:	0.18mt
Copper Mineral Resource	es: 0.54mt
FY21 Prod. Guidance ² : 3	360-420koz Au
	10-20kt Cu

393koz, 16kt Cu

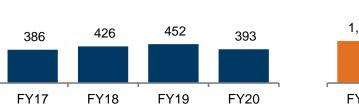
FY20 AISC: \$1.281/oz

Workforce (FTE)³: ~500 employees

~1,000 contractors

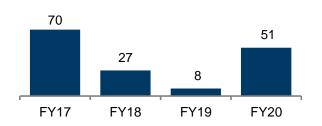
Production (koz)







Free Cash Flow (\$m)⁴



Reserve life is indicative and calculated as proven and probable gold reserves (contained metal) as at 31 December 2019 divided by gold production for the 12 months ended 30 June 2020. The reserve life calculation does not take into account future gold production rates and therefore estimate reserve life does not necessarily equate to operating mine life. Copper reserves and resources include O'Callaghans. Full gold and copper mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 63 to 67.

Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions.

³ At 30 June 2020. Employees are Newcrest directly employed FTEs, contractor FTEs include full time embedded contractors and project, replacement labour and other contractors

⁴ Free cash flow is before interest, tax and intercompany transactions.

Telfer – Indicative mine plan



Mineral Resource & Ore Reserves¹

			Gold			Copper	
		Dry Tonnes (Million)	Grade (g/t)	Insitu Gold (Moz)	Dry Tonnes (Million)	Grade (%)	Insitu Copper (Mt)
Ore Reserves	Main Dome Open Pit	7.0	0.44	0.099	7.0	0.094	0.0065
	West Dome Open Pit	47	0.77	1.2	47	0.080	0.037
	Telfer Underground	1.5	2.3	0.11	1.5	0.33	0.005
	O'Callaghans				44	0.29	0.13
	Total			1.4			0.18
Mineral Resources	Main Dome Open Pit	21	0.59	0.41	21	0.093	0.020
	West Dome Open Pit	120	0.66	2.5	120	0.062	0.072
	Telfer Underground	44	1.6	2.3	44	0.41	0.18
	Other	4.9	1.3	0.20	14	0.37	0.052
	O'Callaghans				78	0.29	0.22
	Total			5.4			0.54

Proposed indicative development of Telfer open pit mining operations^{2,3,4}

Timing (years)	Total material moved open cut	Open pit ore mined	Total waste movements	Open pit gold grade	Open pit copper grade							
FY21-23	80-90mt	40-50mt	~40mt	~0.6g/t	~0.07%							
FY23+ Re	FY23+ Remaining Ore Reserves if any, subject to ongoing studies											

¹ As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019. Full mineral resources and ore reserves tables can be found on slides 63 to 67.

Indicative only and should not be construed as guidance. Subject to market and operating conditions. See slides 65 to 66 for details for the Ore Reserves that underpin the indicative mine plan subject to depletions for the period from 1 January 2020.

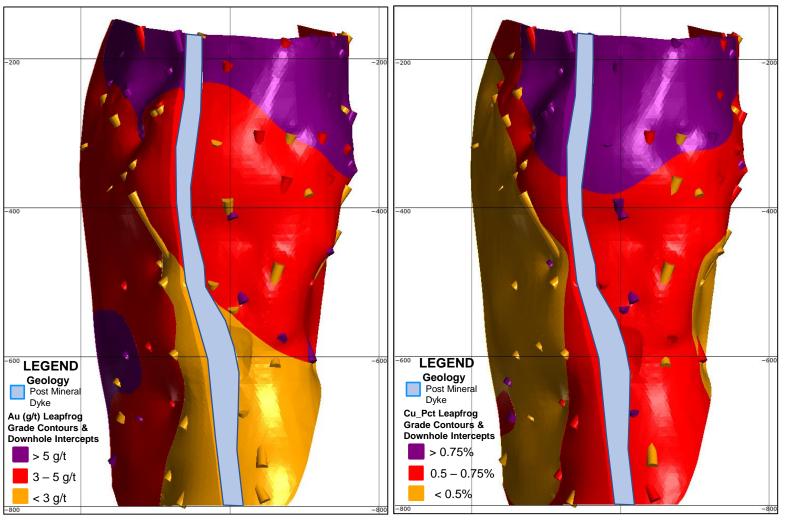
Excludes underground mining operations. The potential extension of underground mining operations is subject to ongoing studies and the conversion from resources to reserves

Based on the Company's knowledge and good faith assumptions as at the date of release of this presentation. The indicative mine plan will be updated on an annual basis, or sooner if there are significant changes in the underlying assumptions.

Havieron – Higher grade option for Telfer



Diagram 1: Higher grade arcuate sulphide mineralised zone

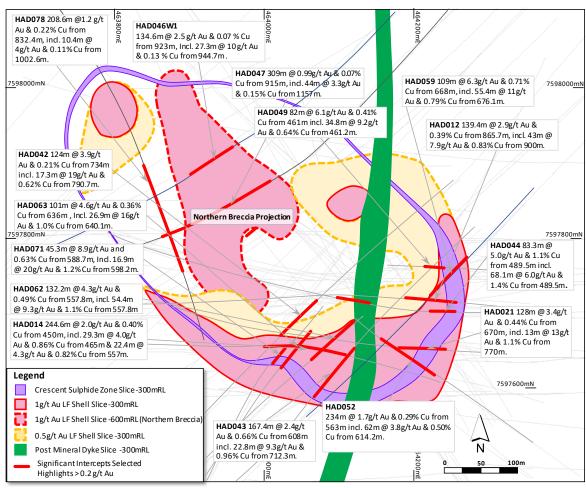


The information on this slide in relation to Diagram 1 relates to exploration results at Havieron has been extracted from the Newcrest release titled "Exploration Update" dated 10 September 2020 and other prior exploration releases. This release includes the exploration results for all material drill-holes (including those referred to on this slide).

Havieron – Higher grade option for Telfer



Diagram 1: Higher grade mineralised zone



The Havieron drill results in this slide have been extracted from the Newcrest release titled "Exploration Update" dated 10 September 2020 and other prior exploration releases. The exploration releases includes the exploration results for all material drill-holes (including those referred to on this slide).

Havieron – an exploration success story in the Paterson Province, Western Australia



Higher grade option for Telfer	 Located under 420m of cover, 45km east of Telfer Drilling has returned the best high grade Au / Cu results within the Paterson Province Some of the better results include: HAD049: 82m @ 6.1g/t Au and 0.41% Cu incl 34.8m @ 9.2g/t Au and 0.64% Cu HAD059: 109m @ 6.3g/t Au and 0.71% Cu incl 55.4m @ 11g/t Au and 0.79% Cu HAD063: 101m @ 4.6g/t Au and 0.36% Cu incl 26.9m @ 16g/t Au and 1.0% Cu Drilling has defined a Higher Grade Crescent Zone: averages 450m in length, average width of 20m, and up to 600m vertical extent The Crescent Zone is surrounded by breccia hosted mineralisation which has a footprint of 550m in length and widths in excess of 100m
	Drilling continues to expand the mineralisation footprint – new breccia zone (Northern breccia) identified
Continued focus on drilling going into FY21 ¹	 Drilling to support resource delivery in second half of calendar year 2020 Growth drilling program to define the extent of the depth and lateral extent of mineralisation commenced Q4 FY2020 Approximately +80,000m planned to be drilled in FY21
Studies and decline ¹	 Investigating the potential to develop the orebody under both underground selective mining and bulk mining alternatives Progressing environmental baseline and engineering studies to support decline construction commencement by the end of calendar year 2020 or early 2021 Potential to achieve commercial production within two to three years from the commencement of the decline

The Havieron drill results in this slide have been extracted from the Newcrest release titled "Exploration Update" dated 10 September 2020 and other prior exploration releases. The exploration releases includes the exploration results for all material drill-holes (including those referred to on this slide).

Telfer hedge profile



Financial Year Ending	Gold Ounces Hedged	Average Price A\$/oz
30 June 2021	216,639	1,864
30 June 2022	204,615	1,902
30 June 2023	137,919	1,942
Total	559,173	1,897



Telfer is a large scale, low grade mine and its profitability and cashflow are both very sensitive to the realised Australian Dollar gold price.





Red Chris – Potential Tier 1 orebody¹



Site Process

ElementDescriptionMiningOpen pit mining (currently)
Block cave (potentially)2ProcessingCrushing, grinding, flotationOutputGold, copper and silver

concentrate

Key Statistics¹

Gold Mineral Resource: 20moz Copper Mineral Resource: 13blb

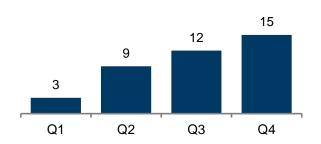
FY21 Prod. Guidance³: 45-55koz Au,

25-30kt Cu

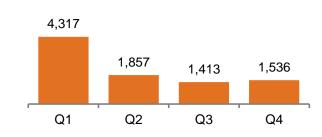
FY20 Production⁴: 39koz Au & 25kt Cu

FY20 AISC⁴: \$1,703/oz

FY20 Gold Production (koz)¹



FY20 All-In Sustaining Cost (\$/oz)¹



The information on this slide that relates to the Red Chris Mineral Resource estimates is based on the "National Instrument 43-101 Technical Report" dated 30 September 2015 and filed by Imperial Metals on SEDAR (www.sedar.com) in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 as required by Canadian securities regulatory authorities. The estimates of the Imperial Metals Mineral Resources contain Measured and Indicated Mineral Resources of 1.0Bt at 0.35 g/t Au and 0.35% Cu for 12Moz contained gold and 8.0Blb contained copper and Inferred Mineral Resources of 0.7Bt at 0.32 g/t Au and 0.29% Cu for 8.1Moz contained gold and 5.0Blb contained copper (Data reported to two significant figures and this may cause discrepancies in totals). Note that under Newcrest reporting convention for copper, 13Blb contained copper is equivalent to 5.9Mt contained copper. See also Red Chris foreign estimates in the disclaimers of this presentation. Subject to market and operating conditions, further drilling and study, all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approvals.

Achievement of guidance is subject to market and operating conditions. Guidance provided represents Newcrest's 70% share.

Production and financial outcomes are reported from date of acquisition (15 August 2019) to 30 June 2020 and represent Newcrest's 70% share.

Red Chris – Two stage transformation



Stage 1 – Apply Newcrest's Edge transformation approach

- Process plant optimisation
- Mine optimisation
- Supply chain cost reduction
- Extensional resource and exploration drilling program.

Stage 2 – Apply Newcrest's industry leading technology

- Block caving
- Coarse ore flotation
- Mass sensing and sorting
- Deep underground brownfield and greenfield exploration.



Achievements since acquisition at Red Chris























Medical facility upgrade



>50,000m drilled, with 8 rigs currently operating. High grade pods confirmed



Block Cave Concept Study Complete, and PFS in progress



Six donut launders commissioned Process and short Interval control (reproducible high-performance)





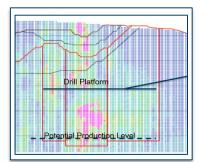
NewSafe roll out



Improved working environments for our people



Permanent long term core processing facility under construction



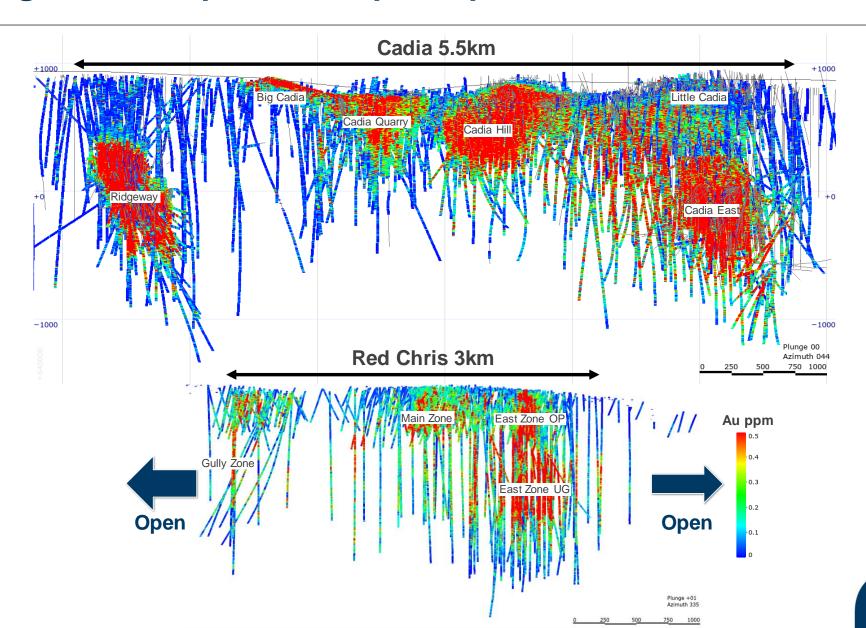
Exploration Decline permitting and surface preparations commenced



Engineering for cleaner and stack cells in progress

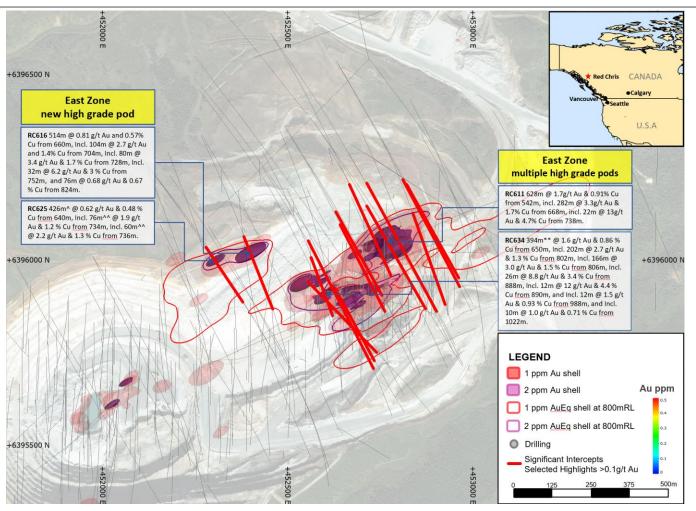
Significant exploration upside potential





Red Chris – discrete higher grade pods confirmed within the East Zone





^{1.} The information in this slide that relates to exploration results at Red Chris has been extracted from the Newcrest release titled "Exploration Update" dated 10 September 2020 and other prior exploration releases. The exploration releases includes the exploration results for all material drill-holes (including those referred to on this slide).

1g/t Au and 2 g/t Au shell projections generated from a Leapfrog model and not sliced. 1 g/t AuEq and 2 g/t AuEq shell projections generated from a Leapfrog model and sliced at 800mRL. Gold Equivalent (AuEq) grade calculated using a copper conversion factor of 1.79 (gold grade (ppm) + (copper grade (%) x 1.79), using US\$1,300/oz Au, US\$3.40/lb Cu and 100% recovery.

Red Chris – continuing to build on a world class, Tier 1 orebody



Drilling confirms the presence of higher grade mineralisation within the East Zone

- Drilling has returned some of the best Au / Cu porphyry results within the Golden Triangle
- RC 634: 394m¹ @ 1.6 g/t Au and 0.86% Cu
 - Including 202m @ 2.7g/t Au and 1.3% Cu
 - Including 26m @ 8.8g/t Au and 3.4% Cu
 - Confirmed the continuity of discrete high grade pods within Eastern Zone
- RC 625: 426m @ 0.62g/t Au and 0.48% Cu
 - including 76m @ 1.9 g/t Au and 1.2% Cu
 - Including 60m @ 2.2 g/t Au and 1.3% Cu
 - Drilling has confirmed the footprint of the western pod

Expanding search for high grade zones

- Infill drilling within the East Zone is ongoing
- Brownfields exploration program increased with up with 8 rigs operating across the porphyry corridor
 - East Zone: Define the extent of the Western Pod and search for additional high grade pods
 - Main Zone & Gully: Search for new high grades zones and deliver additional resources
- Airborne Electro-Magnetic (AEM) and Gravity survey completed which aims to generate future drill targets

PFS and decline²

- Block Cave concept study now complete
 - · Based on historical (Imperial Metals) drillhole database
- Progressing to Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) which is now underway
 - Incorporate results of current drill program including high grade zones (as per above)
 - Preparing for early works program including commencement of exploration/geotechnical decline work expected by the end of calendar year 2020 or early 2021
 - Initial Newcrest Mineral Resource statement expected by end of Q3 FY21
 - PFS is expected be completed by end of Q1 FY22

The information in this slide that relates to exploration results at Red Chris has been extracted from the Newcrest release titled "Exploration Update" dated 10 September 2020 and other prior exploration releases. This release includes the exploration results for all material drill holes (including those referred to on this slide),

- 1. Partial intercept, assays pending
- 2. Subject to market and operating conditions and receipt of all necessary permits, consents and approvals.

Increased economic exposure to Fruta del Norte gold production

Fruta del Norte Financing Facilities acquired for \$460 million¹

- Gold pre-pay term credit facility with face value of US\$150 million:
 - Repayment through 19 quarterly cash payments equivalent to 11,500 oz of gold (adjusted for the risk collar) at the price of gold starting from December 2020 and concluding in June 2025. The risk collar is based on an average gold price for three months leading to any quarterly payment. Should this average gold price be >\$1,436 per ounce or <\$1,062 per ounce, the amount of the next quarterly payment is reduced or increased, respectively by 15%.</p>
- Stream credit facility of US\$150 million:
 - Cash equivalent of 7.75% of gold ounces and 100% of silver ounces based on prices at the time of payment, less \$400/ounce gold and \$4.00/ounce of silver (subject to inflationary adjustments), capped at 350,000 ounces of gold and 6.0 million ounces of silver.
- Offtake agreement for up to 2.5 million ounces of refined gold

Wafi-Golpu – Updated Feasibility Study¹



Key Statistics – Golpu²

Gold Ore Reserves: 5.5 moz
Gold Mineral Resources: 9.3 moz
Copper Ore Reserves: 2.5 mt
Copper Mineral Resources: 4.3 mt

Location: 65km south-west of

Lae

Permitting: Special Mining Lease

application submitted,

working through associated approval

processes

Newcrest Ownership: 50% (if government

exercises full option, Newcrest's ownership would reduce to 35%) IRR³: ~18.2% (real)
NPV: ~\$2.6bn (real)
Payback: ~9.5 years from

commencement of

earthworks for declines

Max Ore throughput: 17mtpa

Expected first ore: ~4.75 years from

grant of Special

Mining Lease

\$2.823m

Life of Mine⁴: 28 years

Max cumulative negative

free cashflow⁵:

Free cash flow

generation: \$13,157m

Avg. copper grade: 1.27%

Avg. gold grade: 0.9 g/t

Avg. annual copper

production: 161kt

Avg. annual gold

production: 266koz

Gold recoveries: 68%

Copper recoveries: 95%

Total operating

cost (real): \$17.33 per tonne

Cash cost (C1)

(copper-basis)⁷: \$0.26 per lb

All-In Sustaining

Cost (gold basis): \$(2,128) per ounce

Mining style: Block cave

See release dated 19 March 2018 for further details, including conditions to progression. These figures are estimates from the updated Feasibility Study (as at 19 March 2018) and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±15%, with the exception of block cave 40 (due to limited geotechnical data; further work is planned to obtain orebody data to confirm rock strength across the BC40 footprint) and associated infrastructure which was prepared with a pre-feasibility accuracy range of ±25%. As timing for finalisation of the SML or a suitable fiscal and stability framework and supporting arrangements is uncertain, valuation outcomes are shown at the time of commencement of earthworks for the access Nambonga decline. Costs are based on December 2017 real estimates. Neither the costs nor real cost escalation impacts prior to commencement of earthworks are included in the valuation outcomes. The figures are subject to all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approval and further works. The production target utilises 98% of the full project's probable Ore Reserves contained metal. The production target underpinning the forecast financial information is contained in the graphs and tables on slides 51 to 52. Assumptions include: Gold price of US\$1,200/oz, copper price of US\$3.00/lb, AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.75 and USD:PGK exchange rate of 3.10

Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources based on Newcrest's 50% ownership share of Golpu. For Golpu Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 refer to slides 65-66. For Golpu Mineral Resources refer to market release "Wafi-Golpu – Update on Stage One Feasibility and Stage Two Prefeasibility Studies" dated 15 February 2016.

³ Project IRR is after all taxes but before any withholding taxes on dividends or interest.

From first production of the processing plant (excluding construction and closure phases).

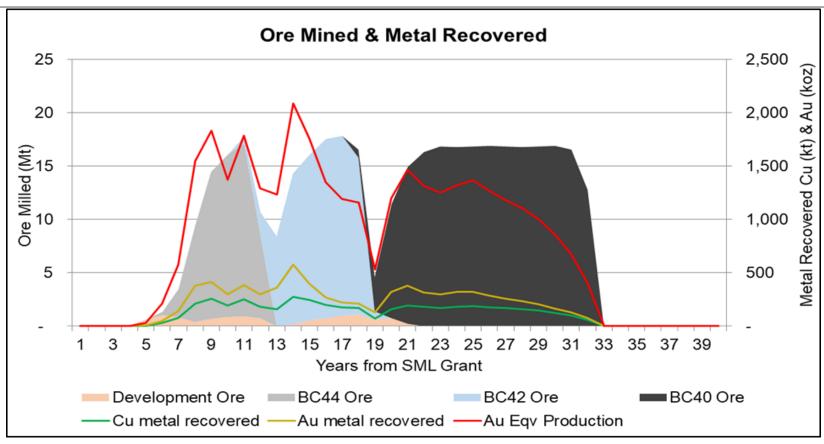
Maximum cumulative negative free cashflow comprises undiscounted free cash flow from commencement of construction.

Total operating costs include mining costs, processing costs, infrastructure costs and general and administrative costs.

⁷ Cash costs are total operating costs plus realisation costs, less gold by-product revenue, divided by total copper production.

Wafi-Golpu – Indicative production^{1,2,3}



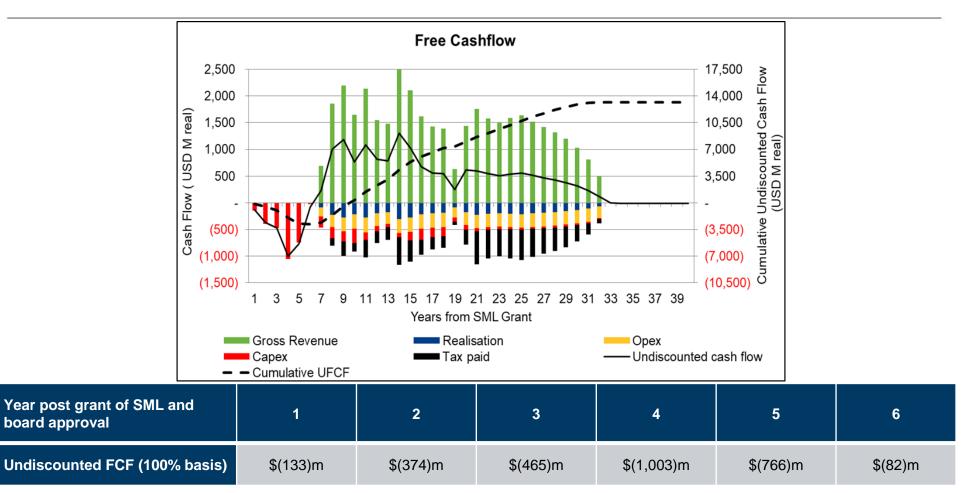


Figures above reflect 100% of project, Newcrest owns 50% of the project. These figures are estimates from the updated Feasibility Study (as at 19 March 2018) and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±15%, with the exception of block cave 40 (due to limited geotechnical data; further work is planned to obtain orebody data to confirm rock strength across the BC40 footprint) and associated infrastructure which was prepared with a prefeasibility accuracy range of ±25%. As timing for finalisation of the SML or a suitable fiscal and stability framework and supporting arrangements is uncertain, valuation outcomes are shown at the time of commencement of earthworks for the access Nambonga decline. Costs are based on December 2017 real estimates. Neither the costs nor real cost escalation impacts prior to commencement of earthworks are included in the valuation outcomes. The figures are subject to all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approval and further works. The production target utilises 98% of the full project's probable Ore Reserves contained metal. Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources based on Newcrest's 50% ownership share of Golpu. For Golpu Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 refer to slides 65-66 and see slide 50 for summary. For Golpu Mineral Resources refer to market release "Wafi-Golpu — Update on Stage One Feasibility and Stage Two Prefeasibility Studies" dated 15 February 2016 and see slide 50 for summary. It is Newcrest's opinion that all the elements included in the metal equivalents calculation have a reasonable potential to be recovered and sold. Newcrest is predominantly a gold producer and as such gold equivalents have been reported for Golpu for ease of understanding among investors. Copper is the dominant revenue source for Golpu.

Assumptions include: Gold price of U\$\$1,200/oz, copper price of U\$\$3.00/lb, AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.75 and USD:PGK exchange rate of 3.10 and the data set out in slide 50
Au Eqv production (by-product basis) = Recovered Au oz+(Cu Price \$US/lbx2204.62/Au Price +US\$/oz) x Recovered copper tonnes. Based on LOM Au recovery of 68%,Cu recovery of 95%.

Wafi-Golpu – Indicative free cashflow^{1,2}





Figures above reflect 100% of project, Newcrest owns 50% of the project. These figures are estimates from the updated Feasibility Study (as at 19 March 2018) and as such were prepared with the objective of being subject to an accuracy range of ±15%, with the exception of block cave 40 (due to limited geotechnical data; further work is planned to obtain orebody data to confirm rock strength across the BC40 footprint) and associated infrastructure which was prepared with a pre-feasibility accuracy range of ±25%. As timing for finalisation of the SML or a suitable fiscal and stability framework and supporting arrangements is uncertain, valuation outcomes are shown at the time of commencement of earthworks for the access Nambonga decline. Costs are based on December 2017 real estimates. Neither the costs nor real cost escalation impacts prior to commencement of earthworks are included in the valuation outcomes. The figures are subject to all necessary permits, regulatory requirements and Board approval and further works. Refer to slide 51 for production target. The production target utilises 98% of the full project's probable Ore Reserves contained metal. Ore Reserves and Mineral Resources based on Newcrest's 50% ownership share of Golpu. For Golpu Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019 refer to slides 65-66 and see slide 50 for summary. For Golpu Mineral Resources refer to market release "Wafi-Golpu - Update on Stage One Feasibility and Stage Two Prefeasibility Studies" dated 15 February 2016 and see slide 50 for summary.

Assumptions include: Gold price of US\$1,200/oz, copper price of US\$3.00/lb, AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.75 and USD:PGK exchange rate of 3.10 and the data set out in slide 50.

DSTP the preferred tailings option







- Extensive scientific studies completed
- Western Huon Gulf is a highly suitable environment for DSTP
- Environmentally and socially, deep sea tailings placement is the safest tailings management method in this highly seismic zone
- Tailings co-deposited with substantial natural sediment load from the Markham, Busu and other rivers.

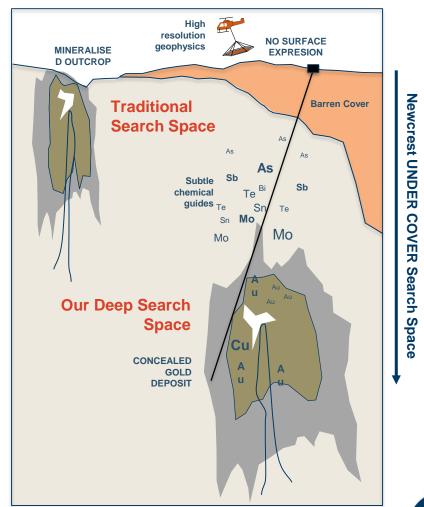
Looking deeper in Australia opens new opportunities newspers



1. Looking Deeper in Outcrop Areas

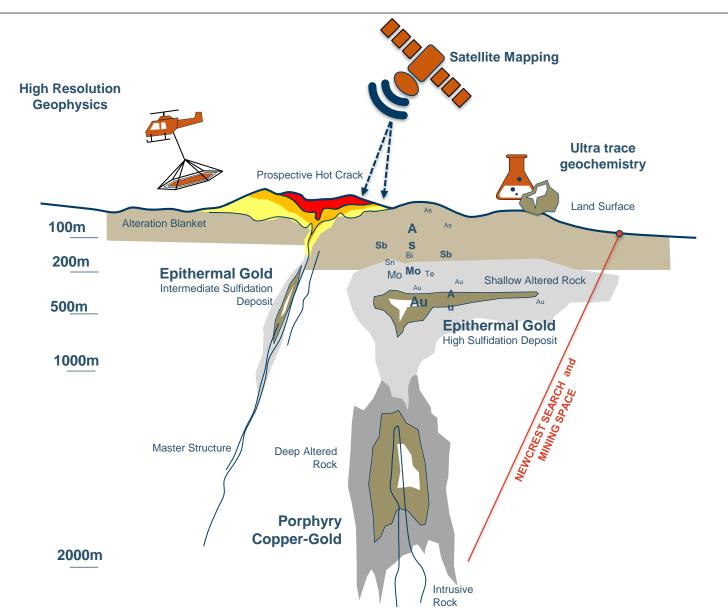
Cross Section (Not to Scale) **Surface OPEN** 100m CUT MINE 200m **Traditional Search** UNDERGROUND **Space Exhausted** 500m **DEEPER GOLD** 1000m **DEPOSIT Newcrest Deep Search Space in Known Gold Terranes** 2000m

2. Exploring under Cover



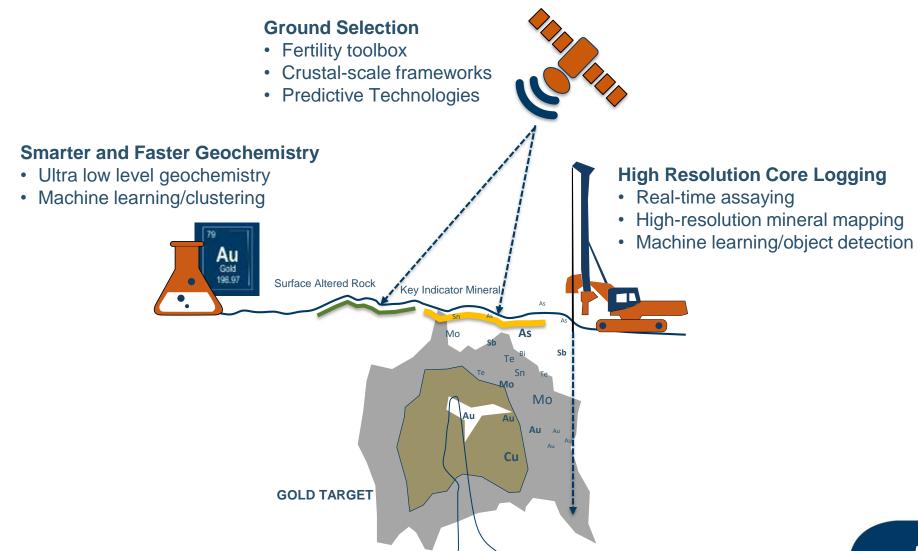
Leveraging our expertise to look deeper in South America





Exploration Innovation Smarter and Faster Exploration





What is a Tier 1 deposit?



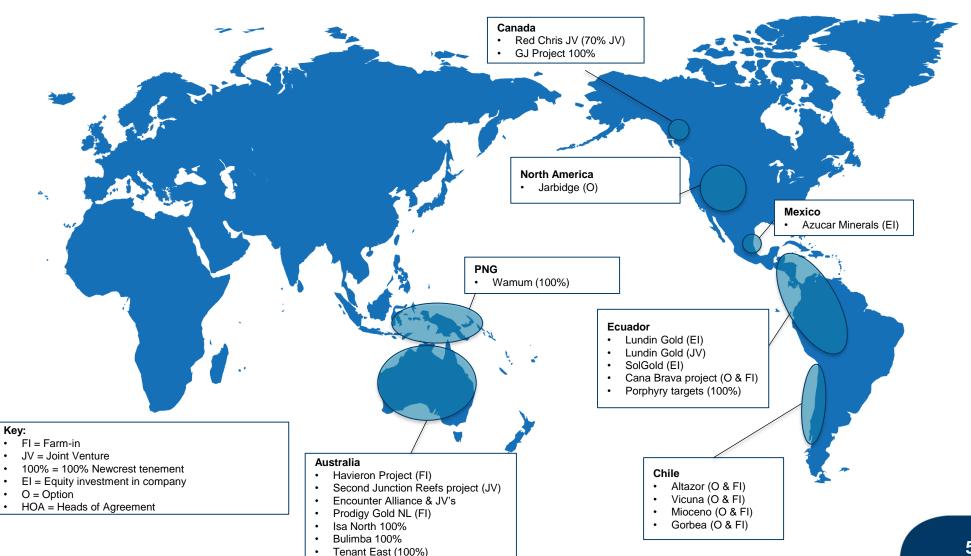
"We aspire to a portfolio within 10 years of 5 x Tier 1 assets, 2 - 4 x Tier 2 assets and a strong pre-production pipeline ..."

Definitions of Tier 1 and Tier 2 assets below used to guide portfolio optimisation decisions:

	Tier 1	Tier 2
Scale	Potential for > 300 kozpa Au	Potential for > 200 kozpa Au
Mine Life	Potential for > 15 year mine life preferred	Potential for > 10 year mine life preferred
Cost position (AISC/oz)	<\$800	<\$900
Value Upside	Significant resource or exploration upside likely	Moderate resource or exploration upside likely

Current exploration footprint

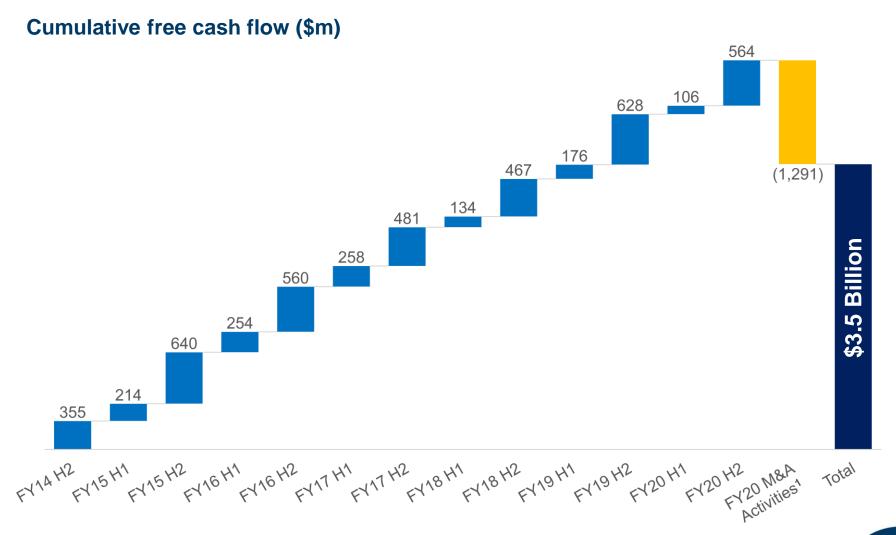




Wilki Project Antipa (FI)

Thirteen consecutive halves of strong free cash flow



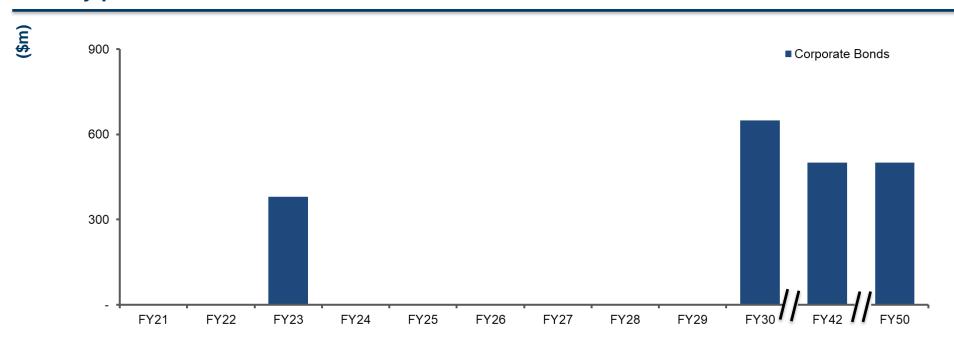


^{1.} Cash investment in M&A activity in FY20 comprises the payment for the acquisition of Red Chris (70% ownership) of \$769 million, the acquisition of Fruta del Norte finance facilities of \$460 million, further investments in Lundin Gold of \$79 million, net proceeds from divestment of Gosowong of \$20 million and payment of \$3 million for an interest in Antipa Minerals Ltd.

Debt maturity profile optimised



Maturity profile as at 30 June 2020^{1,2,4}



- Refinanced debt at lower coupon rates and smoothed and extended the debt maturity profile
- Weighted average maturity profile now ~16 years (previously ~7 years)
- Secured long term debt funding at coupons much lower than existing corporate bonds
- Relatively low level of future mine rehabilitation costs³

Newcrest's corporate bonds are denominated in USD.

On 13 May 2020, Newcrest issued US\$1.15 billion of senior unsecured notes, comprising 10-year bonds totalling US\$650 million (maturing in 2030) and 30-year bonds totalling US\$500 million (maturing in 2050). The proceeds from the new bonds were used to repay all of the Company's notes due in 2021 and to repay all but US\$380 million of the notes due in 2022.

³ Provision (discounted) of \$488 million at 30 June 2020, reflecting an estimate of \$483 million (undiscounted).

⁴ Excludes CA\$6 million BC Hydro loan maturing in November 2020 and US\$58 million equivalent of lease liabilities.

Comfortably within our financial policy metrics



	Element	Target	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2020	
trics	Leverage ratio (Net Debt / EBITDA)	Less than 2.0x (for trailing 12 months)	0.7x	0.2x	0.3x	
Financial Metrics	Gearing Ratio	Less than 25%	4.9%	6.8%		
ancia	Credit rating	Aim to maintain investment grade	Investment grade	Investment grade	Investment grade	
Fin	Cash and committed undrawn Coverage bank facilities of at least \$1.5bn, ~1/3 in cash		\$3.0bn (\$953m cash)	\$3.6bn (\$1,600m cash)	\$3.5bn (\$1,451m cash)	
Context	Pr	ofitability Mar condi		Capex requirements		

FY20 final dividend of US17.5 cents per share Total FY20 dividends of US25.0 cents per share

Newcrest's long-term metal price assumptions used for Reserves and Resources estimates¹



Long Term Metal Price Assumptions	Newcrest, MMJV & NJV					
Mineral Resources Estimates						
Gold Price	US\$1,300/oz					
Copper Price	US\$3.40/lb ²					
Silver Price	US\$21.00/oz					
Molybdenum Price	US\$10.00/lb ³					
Ore Reserves Estimates						
Gold Price	US\$1,200/oz					
Copper Price	US\$3.00/lb4					
Silver Price	US\$18.00/oz					
Molybdenum Price	US\$8.00/lb ⁵					
Long Term FX Rate AUD:USD	0.75					

¹ As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019.

US\$3.40/lb is the equivalent of US\$7,496/t.

³ US\$10.00/lb is the equivalent of US\$22,046/t.

US\$3.00/lb is the equivalent of US\$6,614/t.

⁵ US\$8.00/lb is the equivalent of US\$17,637/t.



31 December 2019 Gold Mineral Resources¹

Dec-19 Mineral Resources		Meas Reso		Indicated	Resource	Inferred F	Resource	Dec-19	Total Re	source	_	Comparison to D Total Resourc	
Gold Mineral Resources (inclusive of Gold Ore Reserves)	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)						
Operational Provinces													
Cadia East Underground		1	-	2,900	0.36	1	-	2,900	0.36	33	2,900	0.36	34
Ridgeway Underground	Luke Barbetti	-	-	110	0.57	41	0.38	150	0.52	2.4	150	0.52	2.4
Other		32	0.30	80	0.35	11	0.70	120	0.37	1.4	120	0.37	1.5
Total Cadia Province										37			38
Main Dome Open Pit (incl.stockpiles)		4.7	0.38	16	0.66	0.35	0.23	21	0.59	0.41	24	0.60	0.46
West Dome Open Pit	- Ashok Doorgapershad	-	-	120	0.66	0.02	0.66	120	0.66	2.5	150	0.63	3.1
Telfer Underground	Asilok Doorgapersilau	-	-	32	1.7	11	1.4	44	1.6	2.3	50	1.6	2.7
Other			-	0.44	2.9	4.4	1.1	4.9	1.3	0.20	4.9	1.3	0.20
Total Telfer Province										5.4			6.4
Lihir	Benjamin Likia	83	1.9	530	2.3	67	2.3	680	2.3	49	690	2.3	50
Gosowong ¹	Denny Lesmana		-	2.7	10	0.41	8.2	3.1	10	1.0	3.3	10	1.1
Total Operational Provinces										93			96
Non-Operational Provinces													
MMJV - Golpu / Wafi & Nambonga (50%)	David Finn / Greg Job	-	-	400	0.84	110	0.77	510	0.83	13	500	0.83	13
Namosi JV (72.49%) ³	Vik Singh	-	-	1,300	0.11	120	0.08	1,400	0.11	5.0	1,400	0.11	4.9
Total Non-Operational Provinces										18			18
Total Gold Mineral Resources	3									110			110

NOTE: Data are reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals

Gosowong (inclusive of Toguraci and Kencana) is owned and operated by PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals, an incorporated joint venture company (Newcrest 75%). The figures shown represent 100% of the Mineral Resource. On 31 January 2020 Newcrest announced that it had agreed to sell its interest in PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals to PT Indotan Halmahera Bangkit (refer market release "Newcrest agrees to divest Gosowong for \$90m" dated 31 January 2020).

MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Mineral Resource.

Namosi refers to the Namosi unincorporated joint venture, in which Newcrest has a 72.49% interest. The figures shown represent 72.49% of the Mineral Resource at December 2019 compared to 71.82% of the Mineral Resource at December 2018.

As per Newcrest Annual Statement of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2019.



31 December 2019 Copper Mineral Resources¹

Dec-19 Mineral Resources		Measured Resource		Indicated	Indicated Resource		Inferred Resource		Dec-19 Total Resource			Comparison to Dec-18 Total Resource		
Copper Mineral Resources (inclusive of Copper Ore Reserves)	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Insitu Copper (million tonnes)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Insitu Copper (million tonnes)							
Operational Provinces														
Cadia East Underground		-	-	2,900	0.26	-	-	2,900	0.26	7.5	2,900	0.26	7.6	
Ridgeway Underground	Luke Barbetti	-	-	110	0.30	41	0.40	150	0.33	0.48	150	0.33	0.48	
Other		32	0.13	80	0.19	11	0.52	120	0.20	0.25	120	0.20	0.25	
Total Cadia Province										8.2			8.3	
Main Dome Open Pit (incl.stockpiles)		4.7	0.098	16	0.094	0.35	0.012	21	0.093	0.020	24	0.092	0.022	
West Dome Open Pit		-	-	120	0.062	0.02	0.058	120	0.062	0.072	150	0.062	0.10	
Telfer Underground	Ashok Doorgapershad	-	-	32	0.40	11	0.43	44	0.41	0.18	50	0.40	0.20	
Other		-	-	-		14	0.37	14	0.37	0.052	14	0.37	0.052	
O'Callaghans		-	-	69	0.29	9.0	0.24	78	0.29	0.22	78	0.29	0.22	
Total Telfer Province										0.54			0.59	
Total Operational Provinces										8.8			8.9	
Non-Operational Provinces														
MMJV - Golpu / Wafi & Nambonga (50%) ⁴	David Finn / Greg Job	-	-	340	1.1	92	0.68	440	1.0	4.4	440	1.0	4.4	
Namosi JV (72.49%) ⁵	Vik Singh	-	-	1,300	0.35	330	0.37	1,600	0.35	5.8	1,600	0.35	5.7	
Total Non-Operational Provinces										10			10	
Total Copper Mineral Resources	otal Copper Mineral Resources 19									19				

Data are reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals

⁴ MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Mineral Resource.

Namosi refers to the Namosi unincorporated joint venture, in which Newcrest has a 72.49% interest. The figures shown represent 72.49% of the Mineral Resource at December 2019 compared to 71.82% of the Mineral Resource at December 2018.



31 December 2019 Gold Ore Reserves¹

Dec-19 Ore Reserves		Proved Reserve			Probable Reserve		Total R	eserve	Comparison to Dec-18 Total Reserve			
Gold Ore Reserves	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Gold Grade (g/t Au)	Insitu Gold (million ounces)	
Operational Provinces												
Cadia East Underground		-	-	1,400	0.45	1,400	0.45	20	1,400	0.47	21	
Ridgeway Underground	Geoffrey Newcombe	-	-	80	0.54	80	0.54	1.4	80	0.54	1.4	
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Cadia Province								21			22	
Main Dome Open Pit (incl. stockpiles)	Glenn Patterson-Kane	4.7	0.38	2.2	0.57	7.0	0.44	0.099	9	0.52	0.15	
West Dome Open Pit	Gleilli Falleisoli-Raile	-	-	47	0.77	47	0.77	1.2	63	0.75	1.5	
Telfer Underground	Gito Patani	-	-	1.5	2.3	1.5	2.3	0.11	4.9	1.9	0.30	
Total Telfer Province								1.4			2.0	
Lihir	David Grigg	83	1.9	230	2.4	320	2.3	23	330	2.3	24	
Gosowong ⁸	Mark Kaesehagen	-	-	1.2	7.5	1.2	7.5	0.30	1.4	8.1	0.37	
Total Operational Provinces								46			49	
Non-Operational Provinces												
MMJV - Golpu (50%) ⁹	Pasqualino Manca		-	200	0.86	200	0.86	5.5	200	0.86	5.5	
Total Non-Operational Provinces								5.5			5.5	
Total Gold Ore Reserves								52			54	

Data are reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals.

Gosowong (inclusive of Toguraci and Kencana) is owned and operated by PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals, an incorporated joint venture company (Newcrest 75%). The figures shown represent 100% of the Ore Reserve. On 31 January 2020 Newcrest announced that it had agreed to sell its interest in PT Nusa Halmahera Minerals to PT Indotan Halmahera Bangkit (refer market release "Newcrest agrees to divest Gosowong for \$90m" dated 31 January 2020).

⁹ MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Ore Reserve.



31 December 2019 Copper Ore Reserves¹

Dec-19 Ore Reserves		Proved F	Reserve	Probable	Reserve	Dec-1	9 Total Re	serve	Compari	Comparison to Dec-18 Reserve	
Comper Ore Reserves	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Insitu Copper (million tonnes)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Copper Grade (% Cu)	Insitu Copper (million tonnes)
Operational Provinces											
Cadia East Underground		-	-	1,400	0.29	1,400	0.29	4.0	1,400	0.30	4.1
Ridgeway Underground	Geoffrey Newcombe	=	-	80	0.28	80	0.28	0.23	80	0.28	0.23
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Cadia Province								4.3			4.3
Main Dome Open Pit (incl. stockpiles)	Glenn Patterson-Kane	4.7	0.098	2.2	0.084	7.0	0.094	0.0065	9	0.088	0.0082
West Dome Open Pit	Oleriiti alleisoiritaile	-	-	47	0.080	47	0.080	0.037	63	0.076	0.048
Telfer Underground	Gito Patani	-	-	1.5	0.33	1.5	0.33	0.005	4.9	0.29	0.014
O'Callaghans	Michael Sykes	=	-	44	0.29	44	0.29	0.13	44	0.29	0.13
Total Telfer Province								0.18			0.20
Total Operational Provinces								4.4			4.5
Non-Operational Provinces											
MMJV - Golpu (50%) ¹⁰	Pasqualino Manca	-	-	200	1.2	200	1.2	2.5	200	1.2	2.5
Total Non-Operational Provinces								2.5			2.5
Total Copper Ore Reserves								6.9			7.0

Data are reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals.

MMJV refers to projects owned by the Morobe Mining unincorporated joint ventures between subsidiaries of Newcrest (50%) and Harmony Gold Mining Company Limited (50%). The figures shown represent 50% of the Ore Reserve.



31 December 2019 Molybdenum Mineral Resources¹

Dec-19 Mineral Resources		Measured	Resource	Indicated	Resource	Inferred	Resource	Dec-19	9 Total Re	source	Compa	arison to l Resou
Molybdenum Mineral Resources (inclusive of Molybdenum Ore Reserves)	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenum Grade (ppm Mo)	Molybdenum	Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenu Grade (ppm Mo						
Operational Provinces												
Cadia Valley Operations	Luke Barbetti	-	-	2,900	64	-	-	2,900	64	0.19	-	-
Total Operational Provinces 0.19												

Comparison to Dec-18 Total Resource								
Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenum Grade (ppm Mo)	Insitu Molybdenum (million tonnes)						
-	•							

Total Molybdenum Mineral Resources

0.19

Data are reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals

31 December 2019 Molybdenum Ore Reserves¹

Dec-19 Ore Reserves		Proved	Reserve	Probable	Reserve	Dec-	19 Total Res	serve
Molybdenum Ore Reserves	Competent Person	Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenum Grade (ppm Mo)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenum Grade (ppm Mo)	Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenum Grade (ppm Mo)	Insitu Molybdenum (million tonnes)
Operational Provinces								
Cadia Valley Operations	Geoffrey Newcombe	- '	_	1,300	88	1,300	88	0.12
Total Operational Provinces								0.12
Total Molybdenum Ore Reserves								0.12

Comparison to Dec-18 Total Reserve									
Dry Tonnes (million)	Molybdenum Grade (ppm Mo)	Insitu Molybdenum (million tonnes)							
-	-	-							

Data are reported to two significant figures to reflect appropriate precision in the estimate and this may cause some apparent discrepancies in totals. Molybdenum Reserve represents the probable reserve from the date of first molybdenum concentrate production which is anticipated to be 1 July 2021.

Supply & demand data



Gold demand & supply (tonnes)¹

Demand	2019	(6 Month to 3 2020	0 June
Jewellery	2,122.6	48%	572.0	28%
Technology	326.0	7%	139.9	7%
Electronics	262.3	6%	114.5	6%
Other Industrial	49.8	1%	19.6	1%
Dentistry	13.9	0%	5.8	0%
Investment	1,273.4	29%	1,130.7	54%
Total bar and coin	869.8	20%	396.7	19%
India	145.8	3%	47.8	2%
China	211.1	5%	77.7	4%
ETFs and similar products	403.6	9%	734.0	35%
Central banks & other inst.	667.7	15%	233.4	11%
Gold demand	4,389.7		2,076.0	
LBMA Gold Price, US\$/oz	1392.6		1647.0	

6 Month to 30 June Supply 2019 2020 2,100.6 4,776.1 Total supply 75% Mine production 3,463.7 73% 1,572.6 Net producer hedging 0% -2% 8.3 -37.7 27% 27% Recycled gold 1,304.1 565.9

China and India make up >50% of jewellery demand. Demand for jewellery is down on recent prior periods, attributed to COVID-19 and associated lockdowns

ETFs tend to be the most variable component of demand. Strong demand in H1 CY20

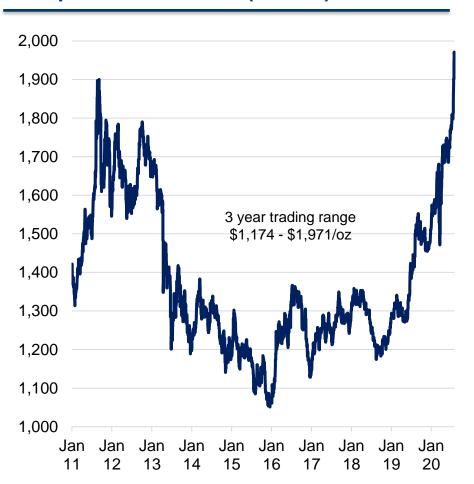
As a category, Central banks & other institutions have been net buyers every quarter since beginning of 2011

Source: World Gold Council "Gold Demand Trends Q2 and H1", dated 30 July 2020, which quotes source of Metals Focus; Refinitiv GFMS; ICE Benchmark Administration; World Gold Council.

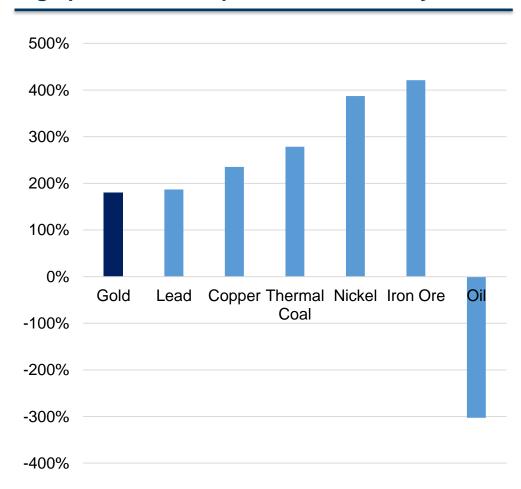
Volatility of gold versus other metals



Gold price 2011 to 2020 (US\$/oz)²



High price as % low prices since January 2011¹



Source: Bloomberg, for period 1 January 2011 to 31 July 2020. Based on tickers GOLDS Comdty (gold), LMCADY Comdty (copper), LMNIDY Comdty (nickel), LMPBDY Comdty (lead), CL1 COMB Comdty (oil), ISIX62IU Index (iron ore), COASNE60 Index (thermal coal). All in US dollars.

Source: Bloomberg.

Operating costs



Newcrest is a US dollar reporting entity. Its operating costs will vary in accordance with the movements in its operating currencies where those costs are not denominated in US dollars. The table below shows indicative currency exposures on operating costs for FY20 by site:

	USD	AUD	PGK	IDR	CAD	Total
Cadia	15%	85%	-	-	-	100%
Telfer	10%	90%	-	-	-	100%
Lihir	25%	35%	40%	-	-	100%
Gosowong	10%	5%	-	85%	-	100%
Red Chris	10%	-	-	-	90%	100%
Group	20%	55%	15%	5%	5%	100%

The below represents an indicative exposure on operating costs¹ by a variety of spend types (FY20)

	Labour ²	Consumables	Maintenance (excl labour) and Parts	Energy and Fuel	Other ³	Total
Cadia	40%	10%	15%	25%	10%	100%
Telfer	40%	10%	15%	15%	20%	100%
Lihir	40%	15%	20%	15%	10%	100%
Gosowong	35%	20%	10%	15%	20%	100%
Red Chris	45%	25%	10%	15%	5%	100%
Group	40%	15%	15%	15%	15%	100%

¹ Operating costs excludes realisation costs including royalties, concentrate freight and TC/RCs.

² Labour data includes salaries, on costs, contractor costs, consultant costs, training and incentive payments (in some instances it is not possible to isolate contractor labour costs from other costs).

³ Other includes a range of costs, including equipment hire, community and environment, inward freight and insurance.

Foreign exchange sensitivities¹ and oil hedges



Site	Parameter	Movement	Approximate Full Year EBIT Impact (US\$m)
Cadia	AUD/USD	+0.01 AUD (0.68 → 0.69)	(8)
Telfer	AUD/USD	+0.01 AUD (0.68 → 0.69)	(4)
Lihir	USD/PGK	-0.1 PGK (3.44 → 3.34)	(8)
Red Chris	USD/CAD	-0.01 CAD (1.35 → 1.34)	(1)
Group	AUD/USD	+0.01 AUD (0.68 → 0.69)	(17)

Site ²	Fuel	July 2020 – June 2021 Hedge volume/rate	Unit
Cadia	Gasoil	-	'000 bbl
Lihir	Gasoil	176	'000 bbl
Telfer	Gasoil	174	'000 bbl
Total	Gasoil	350	'000 bbl
Average hedge rate		65	\$/bbl
Lihir	HSFO	115	'000 Metric tonne
Average hedge rate		267	\$/Metric tonne

¹ Each sensitivity is calculated on a standalone basis and formulated on the basis of assumptions which, amongst other things, include the level of costs incurred, the currency in which those costs are incurred and production levels. Information provided on current information and is subject to market and operating conditions.

Rates rounded to nearest \$1 (rate) and volume to the nearest thousand (bbl, Mt). Totals may not sum due to rounding. At the time the hedges were placed, they represented approximately 60% of forecast gasoil usage at Lihir, approximately 60% of forecast gasoil usage at Telfer and approximately 50% of forecast HSFO usage at Lihir, for the period hedged.

Results Summary – FY20¹



	Cadia	Lihir	Telfer	Goso- wong²	Red Chris ¹	Fruta del Norte ¹	Wafi- Golpu	Corp / Other	Group
Gold Production (koz)	843	776	393	103	39	16	-	-	2,171
Copper Production (kt)	96	-	16	-	25	-	-	-	138
AISC (\$m)	136	918	501	132	63	-	-	98	1,848
Capital Expenditure (\$m)									
- Production Stripping ³	-	94	32	-	21	-	-	-	147
- Sustaining Capital ³	94	85	24	13	42	-	-	17	275
- Major Capital	203	56	-	-	1	-	10	3	273
Total Capital	297	235	56	13	64	-	10	20	695
Exploration (\$m) ⁴									
Depreciation and amortisation (\$m)									

¹ All data relating to operations is shown at 100%, with the exception of Red Chris which is shown at 70% and Fruta del Norte which is shown at 32%.

Newcrest finalised the sale of its 75% interest in Gosowong on 4 March 2020 ('divestment date'). Production and financial outcomes for the current period represent Newcrest's period of ownership to the divestment date.

³ Production stripping and sustaining capital shown above are included in All-In Sustaining Cost.

⁴ Exploration is not included in Total Capital.

FY21 guidance^{1,2}



	Cadia	Lihir	Telfer	Red Chris²	Fruta del Norte ^{2,3}	Havieron	Corp / Other⁴	Group			
Gold production (koz)	680 – 760	720 – 820	360 – 420	45 – 55	95 – 110	-	-	1,950 – 2,150			
Copper production (kt)	95 – 105	-	10 – 20	25 – 30	-	-	-	135 – 155			
AISC (\$m) ⁵	50 – 130	940 – 990	510 – 570	80 – 115	81 – 85	-	130 – 140	1,800 – 1,950			
Capital expenditure (\$m)											
- Production stripping ⁵	-	135 – 150	-	35 – 55	-	-	-	170 – 200			
- Sustaining capital ⁵	90 – 100	80 – 90	50 – 55	65 – 75	-	-	25 – 30	310 – 350			
- Major projects (non- sustaining)	380 – 420	130 – 180	-	30 – 40	-	35 – 45	5	580 – 690			
Total Capital expenditure	470 – 520	345 – 420	50 – 55	130 – 170	-	35 – 45	25 – 35	1,060 – 1,240			
Exploration(\$m) ³											
Depreciation and amortisat	Depreciation and amortisation (including depreciation of production stripping) (\$m)										

¹ Achievement of guidance is subject to operating and market conditions. The guidance stated assumes weighted average copper price of \$2.70 per pound, an AUD:USD exchange rate of 0.68 and a CAD:USD exchange rate of 0.74 for FY21

² All data relating to operations is shown at 100%, with the exception of Red Chris which is shown at 70% and Fruta del Norte shown at 32%

The Fruta del Norte guidance represents Newcrest's 32% interest in the annualised production and AISC for Fruta del Norte based on Lundin Gold's market release on 5 July 2020. This release estimated gold production for the second half of calendar year 2020 to be in the range of 150koz to 170koz at an AISC of \$770/oz to \$850/oz

Other includes \$5m of major project expenditure (non-sustaining) in relation to Wafi-Golpu (Newcrest's 50% share)

⁵ Production stripping and sustaining capital shown above are included in All-In Sustaining Cost

NEWCREST MINING LIMITED



Board

Peter Hay
Sandeep Biswas
Gerard Bond
Philip Aiken AM
Non-Executive Chairman
Managing Director and CEO
Finance Director and CFO
Non-Executive Director

Roger Higgins Non-Executive Director
Xiaoling Liu Non-Executive Director
Vickki McFadden Non-Executive Director
Peter Tomsett Non-Executive Director

Company Secretaries

Maria Sanz Perez & Claire Hannon

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